User's Manual

Protector® PVC Laboratory Fume Hoods

Perchloric Acid Models

14041 Series
14051 Series
14061 Series
14081 Series

Acid Digestion Models

14141 Series
14151 Series
14161 Series
14181 Series

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Protecting your laboratory environment
LABCONCO®

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Please read the User's Manual before operating the equipment.

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- Blood Drawing Chairs carry a ten year warranty.
- Carts carry a lifetime warranty.
- Glassware is not warranted from breakage when dropped or mishandled.

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Do not return goods without the prior authorization from Labconco. Unauthorized returns will not be accepted. If your shipment was damaged in transit, you must file a claim directly with the freight carrier. Labconco Corporation and its dealers are not responsible for shipping damages.

The United States Interstate Commerce Commission rules require that claims be filed with the delivery carrier within fifteen (15) days of delivery.

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The disposal and/or emission of substances used in connection with this equipment may be governed by various federal, state, or local regulations. All users of this equipment are required to become familiar with any regulations that apply in the user's area concerning the dumping of waste materials in or upon water, land, or air and to comply with such regulations. Labconco Corporation is held harmless with respect to user's compliance with such regulations.

Contacting Labconco Corporation

If you have questions that are not addressed in this manual, or if you need technical assistance, contact Labconco's Customer Service Department or Labconco's Product Service Department at 1-800-821-5525 or 1-816-333-8811, between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m., Central Standard Time.

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ECO H655

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CHAPTER 1
INTRODUCTION

Congratulations on your purchase of a Labconco Protector® PVC Perchloric Acid Laboratory Fume Hood or Protector® PVC Acid Digestion Laboratory Hood. The difference between the two hoods is that the Protector PVC Perchloric Acid Hood uses a glass sash and the Protector PVC Acid Digestion Hood uses a Lexan™ sash to combat the fogging of glass caused by hydrofluoric acid (HF). Note that Perchloric acid will react with the Lexan sash and is not to be used in an Acid Digestion Hood. The Protector PVC Perchloric Laboratory Hood is designed to efficiently ventilate procedures using Perchloric acid. The Protector PVC Acid Digestion Laboratory Hood is designed to efficiently ventilate all other heavy acid operations including hydrofluoric acid. It is the result of Labconco's more than 50 years experience in manufacturing fume hoods, and users like you suggested many of its features to us.

The Protector PVC Perchloric Acid Fume Hood has been engineered to provide maximum safety in a laboratory while using Perchloric acid. **Usage of materials other than Perchloric acid is not recommended. Perchloric acid is a strong oxidizing agent, and should not be used in combination with any organic material as the possibility of a hazardous chemical reaction or explosion could develop**. The Protector PVC Acid Digestion Fume Hood has been designed to handle all other types of acids including hydrofluoric acid (HF), but not Perchloric acid. The Protector PVC Hoods offer many unique features to enhance safety, performance, and visibility.

To take full advantage of them, please acquaint yourself with this manual and keep it handy for future reference. If you are unfamiliar with how fume hoods operate, please review *Chapter 4: Performance Features and Safety Precautions* before you begin working in the fume hood. Even if you are an experienced fume hood user, please review *Chapter 5: Using The Protector PVC,* which describes the Protector PVC Perchloric Acid Hood features so that you can use the hood efficiently.

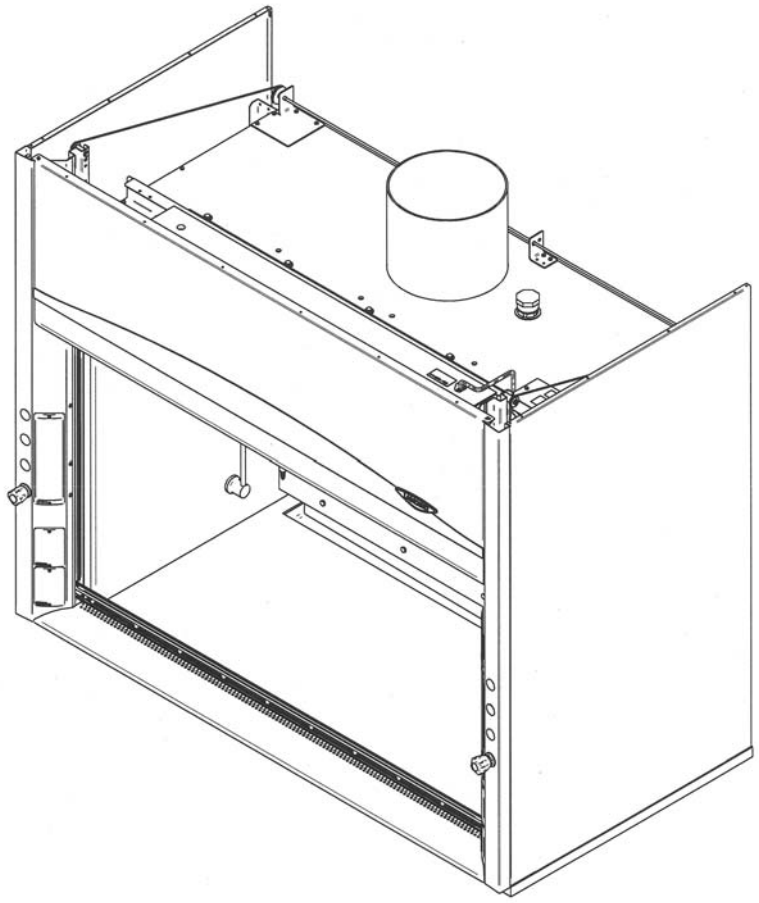


Figure 1-1

About This Manual

This manual is designed to help you learn how to install, use, and maintain your laboratory fume hood. Instructions for installing optional equipment on your hood are also included.

Chapter 1: Introduction provides a brief overview of the laboratory fume hood, explains the organization of the manual, and defines the typographical conventions used in the manual.

Chapter 2: Prerequisites explains what you need to do to prepare your site before you install your laboratory fume hood. Electrical and service requirements are discussed.

Chapter 3: Getting Started contains the information you need to properly unpack, inspect, install, and certify your laboratory fume hood.

Chapter 4: Performance Features and Safety Precautions explains how the Protector operates and the appropriate precautions you should take when using the fume hood.

Chapter 5: Using The Protector PVC discusses the basic operation of your fume hood. Information on how to prepare, use and shut down your Protector Hood are included.

Chapter 6: Maintaining The Protector PVC explains how to perform routine maintenance on your fume hood.

Chapter 7: Modifying The Protector PVC explains how to modify the fume hood or add accessories.

Chapter 8: Troubleshooting contains a table of problems you may encounter while using your laboratory fume hood including the probable causes of the problems and suggested corrective actions.

Appendix A: Protector PVC Components contains labeled diagrams of all of the components of the fume hoods.

Appendix B: Protector PVC Dimensions contains comprehensive diagrams showing all of the dimensions for the laboratory fume hoods.

Appendix C: Protector PVC Specifications contains the electrical requirements for laboratory fume hood. Wiring diagrams are also included.

Appendix D: Serial Number Tag Description provides current rating code used on serial number tag.

Appendix E: References lists the various resources available that deal with laboratory fume hoods.

Typographical Conventions

Recognizing the following typographical conventions will help you understand and use this manual:

- Book, chapter, and section titles are shown in italic type (e.g., *Chapter 3: Getting Started*).
- Steps required to perform a task are presented in a numbered format.
- Comments located in the margins provide suggestions, reminders, and references.
- Critical information is presented in boldface type in paragraphs that are preceded by the exclamation icon. Failure to comply with the information following an exclamation icon may result in injury to the user or permanent damage to fume hood.

- Les informations critiques sont présentées en gras dans les paragraphes qui sont précédés par l'icône d'exclamation. Ne pas se conformer aux informations qui suivent une icône d'exclamation peut résulter à la blessure de l'utilisateur ou à des dommages irréversibles de la hotte aspirante.

- Critical information is presented in boldface type in paragraphs that are preceded by the wrench icon. These operations should only be performed by a trained certifier or contractor. Failure to comply with the information following a wrench icon may result in injury to the user or permanent damage to your hood.
- Les informations critiques sont présentées en gras dans les paragraphes qui sont précédés par l'icône de clé plate. Ces opérations devraient être seulement exécutées par un professionnel agrée. L'échec pour se conformer aux informations qui suivent une icône de clé plate peut résulter à la blessure de l'utilisateur ou à des dommages irréversibles de la hotte.

- Important information is presented in capitalized type in paragraphs that are preceded by the pointer icon. It is imperative that the information contained in these paragraphs be thoroughly read and understood by the user.

- The S icon indicates the text is specific to the standard model.

- The A icon indicates the text is specific to the A-Style Combination Sash Model.

- CAUTION – See Manual. When this symbol is on a fume hood it indicates a caution that is detailed in this manual.
- PRUDENCE – Consulter le Manuel. Quand ce symbole est sur une hotte aspirante, il indique une prudence qui est détaillée dans ce manuel.

- CAUTION – Hot Surface.
- AVERTIR – Surface Chaude

- CAUTION – See Manual. This symbol on the fume hood indicates the possibility of a pinch hazard.
- PRUDENCE – Consulter le Manuel. Ce symbole sur la hotte indique la possibilité d'un risque de pincement.

Your Next Step

If your Fume Hood needs to be installed, proceed to *Chapter 2: Prerequisites* to ensure your installation site meets all of the requirements. Then, go to *Chapter 3: Getting Started* for instructions on how to install your laboratory fume hood and make all of the necessary connections.

If you would like to review how laboratory fume hoods operate, go to *Chapter 4: Performance Features and Safety Precautions*.

For information on the operational characteristics of your laboratory fume hood, go to *Chapter 5: Using The Protector PVC*.

If your laboratory fume hood is installed and you need to perform routine maintenance on the cabinet, proceed to *Chapter 6: Maintaining Your Protector PVC*.

For information on making modifications to the configuration of your fume hood, go to *Chapter 7: Modifying The Protector PVC*.

Refer to *Chapter 8: Troubleshooting* if you are experiencing problems with your fume hood.

CHAPTER 2
PREREQUISITES

Before you install your laboratory fume hood, you need to prepare your site for installation. Carefully examine the location where you intend to install your hood. You must be certain that the area is level and of solid construction. In addition, a dedicated source of electrical power must be located near the installation site.

Carefully read this chapter to learn the requirements for your installation site:

- The location requirements.
- The support requirements.
- The exhaust requirements.
- The exhaust washdown requirements.
- The electrical power requirements.
- The service line requirements.
- The space requirements.

Refer to *Appendix B: Protector PVC Dimensions* for complete fume hood dimensions.

Refer to *Appendix C: Protector PVC Specifications* for complete laboratory fume hood electrical and environmental conditions, specifications and requirements.

Location Requirements

The fume hood should be located away from traffic patterns, doors, windows, fans, ventilation registers, and any other air-handling device that could disrupt its airflow patterns. All windows in the room should be closed.

La hotte aspirante devrait être localisé loin des voies de circulation, des portes, des fenêtres, des ventilateurs, des bouches de ventilation, et de tout appareil qui pourrait interrompre ses voies de flux d'air. Toutes les fenêtres dans la pièce devraient être fermées.

Support Requirements

DO NOT install the fume hood on a cart, dolly, or mobile bench. ALL Protector Hood installations must be permanent and stationary. The supporting structure usually consists of a base cabinet and chemically resistant work surface.

NE PAS installer la hotte aspirante sur un chariot ou un banc mobile. TOUTES les installations de la Hotte Protecteur doivent être permanentes et fixes. La structure de soutien consiste habituellement en un meuble doté d'une surface de travail chimiquement résistante.

Exhaust Requirements

The exhaust duct connection has been designed for 12" nominal duct (12.75" OD) to allow for minimum static pressure loss while operating at 100 fpm face velocities. The 12" diameter exhaust duct also allows for proper transport velocities away from the hood in the 1000 fpm to 2500 fpm range. The proper exhaust volume and static pressure loss are listed next for each hood model:

Airflows and Static Pressure

Hood Type	Face Velocity (fpm)		Eco Energy Saving Air Foil Airflow Volumetric Rate (CFM) @ Static Pressure (inches of water)			
	Sash at Full open at 28"	Sash at 62.5% open at 18"	4' Hood	5' Hood	6' Hood	8' Hood
PVC Hoods Perchloric and Acid Digestion	125	200	905, 0.27"	1195, 0.44"	1475, 0.59"	2050, 0.35"
	100	160	725, 0.17"	955, 0.28"	1180, 0.38"	1640, 0.22"
	N/A	125	565, 0.11"	745, 0.17"	920, 0.23"	1280, 0.13"
	N/A	100	455, 0.07"	595, 0.11"	740, 0.15"	1025, 0.09"

12.75" OD Exhaust

Recommendations highlighted

Proper PVC blower selection can be determined from these exhaust requirements and the total system static pressure loss. Contact Labconco Customer Service for assistance in sizing a blower system.

Exhaust Washdown Requirements

The entire exhaust duct system must feature an adequate washdown system. This includes the exhaust ductwork, blower, hood structure itself, and any ductwork located outside the blower. Wash rings are required to be placed in the exhaust duct system every 8 to 10 feet and after any change in direction to provide adequate washdown. Contact Labconco for washdown ring ordering information. Order part number 4746000 for a 10" wash ring and 4746100 for a 12" wash ring. Depending on the length of duct run and number of wash rings and elevation differences, Labconco recommends one additional washdown valve for every three wash rings. The washdown nozzles are designed at a normal pressure of 40 psi with a flowrate of 1 gallon per minute and a minimum pressure of 10 psi with a flow rate of 0.5 gallons per minute. The washdown nozzle at a maximum pressure of 100 psi has a flowrate of 1.5 gallons per minute. Each washdown valve can only produce up to 3.5 gallons per minute at 40 psi and additional washdown valves are ordered frequently and installed on the fume hood front corner post. Order 9808310 Washdown Valve Kit (3/8 lines) per sizing chart that follows.

Additional Washdown Valve Sizing Chart

Duct Run	4' PVC 30'	4' PVC 60'	5' PVC 30'	5' PVC 60'	6' PVC 30'	6' PVC 60'	8' PVC 30'	8' PVC 60'	
Nozzles Mounted on Fume Hood	3	3	4	4	4	4	6	6	
Additional Wash Rings	3	6	3	6	3	6	3	6	
Additional Washdown Valve Kits Required (9808310)	1	2	1	2	1	2	1 or 2	2 or 3	Minimum 10 psi pressure Normal 40 psi pressure

A washdown and drain should be provided in your exhaust blower. This washdown water and effluent material can be drained from the exhaust blower back into the exhaust duct for disposal. Contact Labconco for PVC blowers. The Protector PVC Hood washdown drain outlet is sized for 2" nominal (2.375" OD) PVC pipe.

Electrical Requirements

The Protector Hood models feature internal wiring for the fluorescent light assembly and light switch. All internal wiring is terminated at the single point wiring junction box for hook-up by a qualified electrician. The blower switch, and light switch wires are also terminated at the single point wiring junction box for hook-up by a qualified electrician. Refer to *Chapter 3: Getting Started* and *Appendix* C*: Protector PVC Specifications* for the wiring diagram for proper electrical installation.

Les modèles Protège-capot disposent câblage interne de l'assemblage de lumière fluorescente et interrupteur de lumière. Tout le câblage interne est terminé à la boîte de jonction point de câblage unique pour le raccordement par un électricien qualifié. Le bouton du ventilateur, et fils de l'interrupteur de lumière sont également mis fin à la boîte de jonction point de câblage unique pour le raccordement par un électricien qualifié. Reportez-vous au Chapitre 3: Mise en route et à l'Annexe C: Spécifications PVC Protector pour le schéma de câblage pour l'installation électrique correcte.

Service Line Requirements

All service lines to the laboratory fume hood should be ¼ inch outside diameter, copper (brass for natural gas), and equipped with an easily accessible shut-off valve, should disconnection be required. If the service line pressure exceeds 40 PSI, it must be equipped with a pressure regulator to reduce the line pressure. Please check with local codes for other requirements.

Space Requirements

The dimensions for the different models are shown in *Appendix B: Protector PVC Dimensions*.

CHAPTER 3
GETTING STARTED

Now that the site for your laboratory fume hood is properly prepared, you are ready to unpack, inspect, install, and certify your unit. Read this chapter to learn how to:

- Unpack and move your Protector PVC Hood.
- Set up the fume hood with the supporting structure and hardboard work top.
- Connect to an exhaust system suitable for Perchloric Acid and acids.
- Connect the exhaust washdown to the exhaust system.
- Connect to the washdown drain.
- Connect the electrical supply source.
- Connect the service lines.
- Arrange certification of your Protector PVC Hood.

Depending upon which model you are installing, you may need common plumbing and electrical installation tools in addition to 5/16", 3/8", 7/16", and 1/2" wrenches, ratchets, sockets, a nut driver set, a flat-blade screwdriver, a Phillips screwdriver, and a carpenter level to complete the instructions in the chapter.

The Protector PVC Hood models weigh between 400 to 800 lbs. (182-363 kg). The shipping skid allows for lifting with a mechanical lift truck or floor jack. If you must lift the fume hood manually, follow safe-lifting guidelines. Normally, the fume hood can be slid off a hydraulic lift table and be placed into position on top of the work surface. Do not lift by the front air foil.

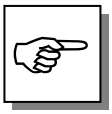
Les PVC modèles de la Hotte Protecteur pèsent entre 400 à 800 livres. (182-363 Kg). La palette bois d'envoi permet le soulèvement par un camion muni d'un élévateur mécanique ou par un cric rouleur. Si vous devez soulever manuellement la hotte aspirante, respectez les règles de sécurité du soulèvement. Normalement, la hotte aspirante peut être glissée d'une table

munie d'un élévateur hydraulique et être placée en position sur la surface de travail. Ne pas soulever par l'écoulement d'air du devant.

Unpacking Your Fume Hood

Carefully remove the shrink-wrap or carton on your fume hood and inspect it for damage that may have occurred in transit. If your unit is damaged, notify the delivery carrier immediately and retain the entire shipment intact for inspection by the carrier.

The United States Interstate Commerce Commission rules require that claims be filed with the delivery carrier within fifteen (15) days of delivery.



DO NOT RETURN GOODS WITHOUT THE PRIOR AUTHORIZATION OF LABCONCO. UNAUTHORIZED RETURNS WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED.

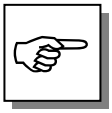
IF YOUR HOOD WAS DAMAGED IN TRANSIT, YOU MUST FILE A CLAIM DIRECTLY WITH THE FREIGHT CARRIER. LABCONCO CORPORATION AND ITS DEALERS ARE NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR SHIPPING DAMAGES.

Do not discard the shipping skid or packing material for your fume hood until you have checked all of the components and installed and tested the unit. **The PVC fume hood baffle is installed as shown in Figure 1-1.** Do not remove the fume hood from its shipping skid until it is ready to be placed into its final location. Move the unit by placing a flat, low dolly under the shipping skid, or by using a floor jack.

Do not move the hood by tilting it onto a hand truck.

Ne pas déplacer la hotte en le penchant sur un diable.

Removing the Shipping Skid



LEAVE THE FUME HOOD ATTACHED TO ITS SHIPPING SKID UNTIL IT IS AS CLOSE TO ITS FINAL LOCATION AS POSSIBLE. MOVE THE HOOD BY USING A SUITABLE FLOOR JACK, OR BY PLACING A FURNITURE DOLLY UNDERNEATH THE SKID. DO NOT MOVE THE HOOD BY TILTING IT ONTO A HAND TRUCK.

After you verify the fume hood components, move your hood to the location where you want to install it. Follow the steps listed next to remove the shipping skid from your unit.

1. Remove the side panels by unscrewing the Phillips screws.

2. Find the hardware (bolts, washers, nuts) that attach the fume hood to the skid and remove the hardware. Some hardware is on the sides and some is on the back.

Sash Weight Release

To protect the fume hood from damage in shipment, the sash weight has been secured to the back of the fume hood with screws. Simply remove the screws and make sure the sash cables or chains are on the pulleys or sprockets before operation of the sash.

NOTE: THE SASH WEIGHT ITSELF WAS INDIVIDUALLY MATCHED FOR THIS SPECIFIC HOOD AND SHOULD NOT BE EXCHANGED ON ANY OTHER UNIT.

Installing the Hood on a Supporting Structure and Hardboard Work Top

The Protector Hood is heavy! Use caution when lifting or moving the unit.

La Hotte Protecteur est lourd ! Prudence en soulevant ou en déplaçant l'objet.

When installing the Protector PVC Hood onto the lower hardboard work top, ensure that the structure can safely support the combined weight of the fume hood and any related equipment. **The hardboard work top is aligned flush with the back of the fume hood for good airflow: this will provide the correct spacing under the air foil for proper bypass airflow. The lower base cabinets are placed flush with the front of the hardboard work top as shown in Figure 3-2. The hardboard work top supports the PVC Hood and has a cutout to clear the drain trough.**

WARNING: It is important to support the rear of the work surface and fume hood. The cross support provides support for the bottom of the work surface. Install the cross support after the base cabinets and work surface are leveled and before installing the hood.

AVERTISSEMENT : Il est important de soutenir l'arrière de la surface de travail et la hotte aspirante. Le support tranversal soutient le bas de la surface de travail. Installer le support transversal après que les meubles et la surface de travail soient nivelés et avant d'installer la hotte.

The following are instructions for mounting a cross support:

1. Level the base cabinets and the hardboard work top. Work top should be placed flush with the back of the fume hood as shown in Figure 3-1.
2. Scribe a line on the wall or back of the base cabinet to locate the support under the work surface.
3. Mount the support by attaching it to the wall or base cabinet.
4. Anchor cabinet(s) with seismic restraints if required by the local code in your area.

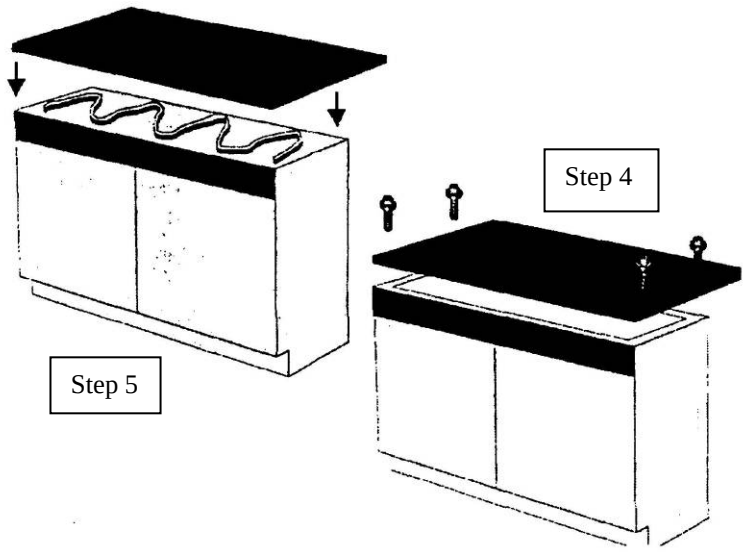


Figure 3-1

5. Secure the hardboard surface to the top of the base cabinet(s) using adhesives with the Acid Storage Cabinet(s). Be sure the PVC Hood drain trough is accounted for in the relief area of the hardboard top. See figure 3-2.
6. After completing step 5, apply a sufficient quantity of adhesive to the top surface of the hardboard.
7. Place the hood on top of the work surface and cross support.
8. Place heavy weights on the inside of the fume hood for approximately 24 hours. This provides a proper bond of the adhesive. Protect the hood's integral work surface from possible damage by wrapping any weighted material first.
9. Place the hood on top of the work top and cross support.

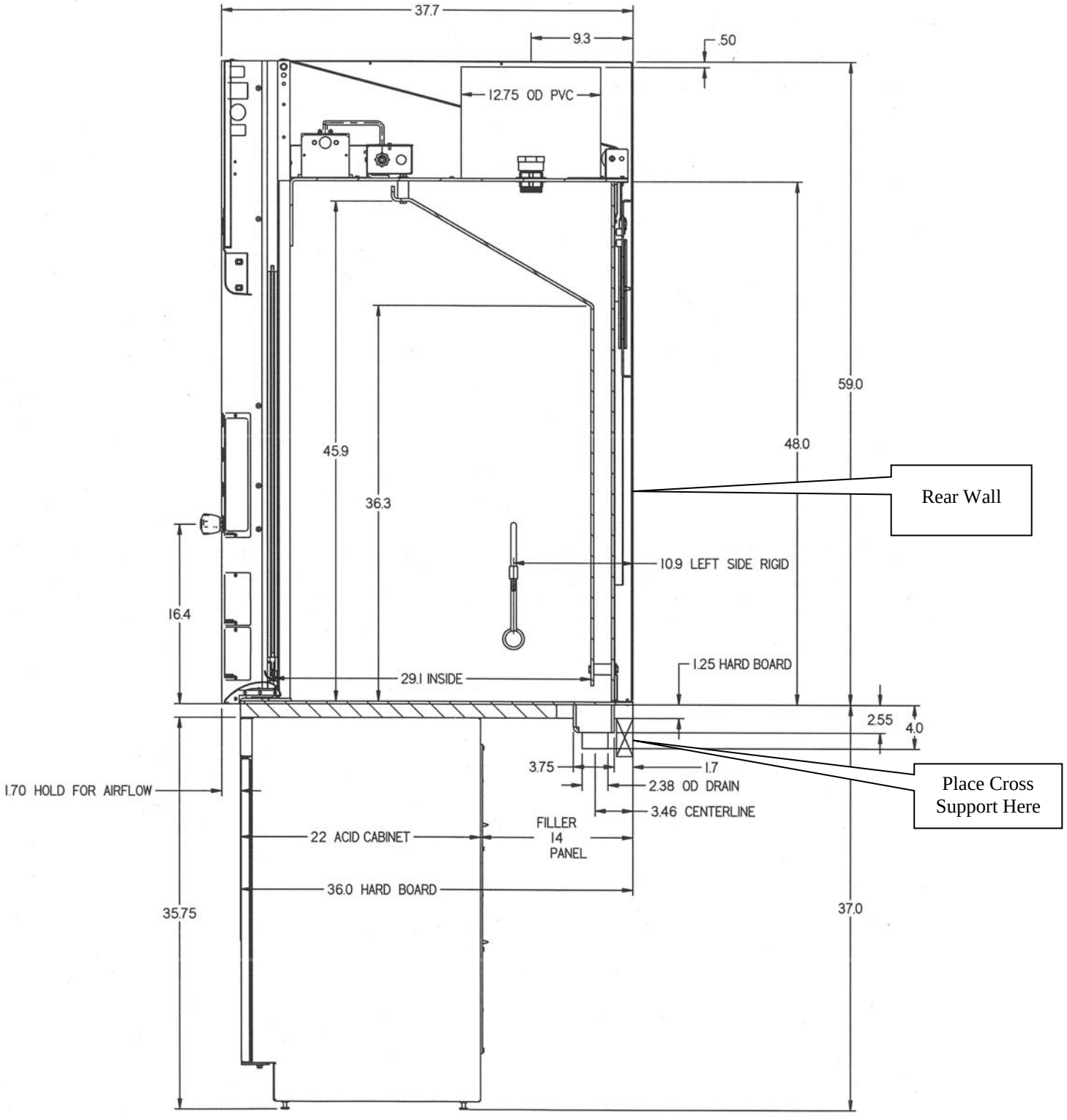

37.7
9.3
.50
12.75 OD PVC
59.0
48.0
45.9
36.3
Rear Wall
10.9 LEFT SIDE RIGID
16.4
29.1 INSIDE
1.25 HARD BOARD
2.55
4.0
3.75
1.7
2.38 OD DRAIN
3.46 CENTERLINE
1.70 HOLD FOR AIRFLOW
Place Cross Support Here
22 ACID CABINET
FILLER 14 PANEL
36.0 HARD BOARD
35.75
37.0

Figure 3-2

Connecting to the Hood Exhaust System

WARNING: The weight of the exhaust ductwork system must be supported independently of the hood superstructure. Do not allow this weight to be supported by the hood structure as damage to the hood may occur.

AVERTISSEMENT : Le poids du système d'aspiration de ductwork doit être soutenu d'une manière indépendante de la superstructure de la hotte. Au cas où ce poids est supporté par la structure de la hotte, des dommages à la hotte peuvent arriver.

The exhaust connection should be installed by a qualified HVAC contractor. The exhaust connection on your hood is manufactured with 12" PVC nominal pipe (12.75" OD) to allow for minimum static pressure loss with proper transport velocities away from the hood. Consult Labconco Customer Service should you require help sizing your blower for the exhaust volume and total system static pressure loss.

La connexion d'échappement devrait être installée par un professionnel de CVC agrée. La connexion d'aspiration sur votre hotte a été conçue pour un tuyau nominal de 12 pouces (12,75 pouces de diamètre externe) afin d'avoir une perte minimale de pression statique avec les correctes flux de transport loin de la hotte. Consulter le Service Clientèle de Labconco si la calibration de votre soufflerie pour le volume d'aspiration et la perte de pression statique du système le requiert.

The selected exhaust duct material must be fabricated out of type 1 unplasticized polyvinyl chloride or type 316 stainless steel material. The duct should be fully welded in the case of the stainless steel material or solvent bonded in the case of polyvinyl chloride so that it does not have any cracks or holes where Perchloric acid salts or acids can collect.

Le matériau conduit d'évacuation sélectionné doit être fabriquée sur une polychlorure de vinyle non plastifié de type 316 ou un matériau en acier inoxydable de type. Le conduit doit être entièrement soudé dans le cas de l'acier inoxydable ou du solvant collé dans le cas du polychlorure de vinyle pour qu'il ne possède pas de fissures ou de trous, où les sels de l'acide perchlorique ou des acides peuvent s'accumuler.

The exhaust duct system for a PVC Fume Hood should be run in a vertical position and feature horizontal runs only where it cannot be avoided. Should a horizontal run be a part of your exhaust system, it should be sloped downward toward the hood to prevent the pooling of the washdown water and perchloric acid salts or acids in the duct.

Le système de conduits d'échappement pour un PVC Hotte doit être exécuté dans une position verticale et horizontale fonctionnalité fonctionne uniquement lorsque cela ne peut être évité. Si une course horizontale être une partie de votre système d'échappement, il devrait être en pente descendante vers le capot pour empêcher la mise en commun de l'eau de lavage à grande eau et les sels de l'acide perchlorique ou acides dans le conduit.

CAUTION: PVC Fume Hoods must never be manifolded into a common exhaust system. They require a dedicated exhaust system.

ATTENTION: PVC hottes ne doivent jamais être un tuyau collecteur dans un système d'échappement commun. Ils exigent un système d'échappement spécifique.

Connecting to the Exhaust Washdown

The entire exhaust duct system must have an adequate washdown system. This includes the exhaust ductwork located between the exhaust blower and the hood structure, the exhaust blower, and any ductwork located on the outlet side of the blower. Wash rings are recommended to be placed in the exhaust duct system approximately every 8 to 10 feet and after every change in direction to provide an adequate washdown. A drain should be provided in your exhaust blower and this washdown water and effluent material can be drained from the exhaust blower back directly into the exhaust duct for disposal. The PVC Hood was designed with an auxiliary port plugged at the factory, and it is to be connected to the washdown valve system to provide water to the wash rings. The plug is located on top of the hood near the first washdown nozzle. Plumb from the plugged connector with a 3/8" rigid polyethylene, copper, or stainless steel line.

Connecting to the Washdown Drain

The Protector PVC Hood has been supplied with a 2" nominal (2.375" OD) PVC pipe drain. Connect the 2" pipe to your floor drain. Be sure the connection is either fully solvent bonded or leak tight. See Figure 3-2.

Connecting the Electrical Supply Source to the Protector Fume Hood

Prior to connecting any electrical wiring to the fume hood structure, refer to the hood identification plate for the proper electrical requirements of your specific model.

WARNING: **The building electrical supply system for Protector Hoods is required to include overload protection. A switch or circuit breaker shall be in close proximity to the equipment and within easy reach of the operator. The switch or circuit breaker is to be marked as the disconnecting device for the equipment. Consult the NEC-2002 for proper installation.**

AVERTISSEMENT : Le système d'alimentation électrique de la Hotte Protecteur doit inclure la protection contre la surcharge. Un commutateur ou disjoncteur doit être tout près de l'équipement et à portée facile de l'opérateur. Le commutateur ou le disjoncteur doit être marqué comme l'appareil débranchant pour l'équipement. Consulter le NEC-2002 pour une installation correcte.

The identification plate, model number, serial number, and electrical connection boxes are accessible from the front of the fume hood by removing the front panel.

The Protector PVC Hood is normally wired for 115 Volt, 50/60 Hz, 20 Amp or 230Volt, 50/60 Hz, 10 Amp electrical service. Check the I.D. plate behind the front panel for voltage verification. The number of circuits varies depending on the model. All of the electrical connections are terminated at the field wiring terminal box for hook-up by a qualified electrician. We recommend each circuit be a dedicated branch circuit. However, if wired together the maximum load allowed is the sum of individual outlets plus the rating of the unit (i.e. 2 Amps remote, 8 Amps integral blower) not to exceed the 10A or 20A electrical service. The single point internal junction box is used for the connection of the lights, blower, and duplex outlets. Refer to the wiring diagram for your Protector PVC in *Appendix C: Protector PVC Specifications.*

The fume hood is required to be grounded to the MAINS protective earthing ground for safe operation. Using a ring terminal sized for a 10-24 machine screw, connect the MAINS ground conductor to the grounding lug marked with the protective earthing symbol, ⏚. Only MAINS ground conductors should be connected to the protective earthing ground lug, no other conductors should be connected to this grounding lug. Using wire nuts connect the MAINS supply conductors to the fume hood supply wires. Insure that the wires are connected as per the appropriate wire color codes for the input voltage. For 115V Phase (Hot) is black and Neutral is white, for 230V Phase1 is brown and Phase2 is blue. Refer to the wiring diagram for your Protector PVC in *Appendix C: Protector PVC Specifications.*

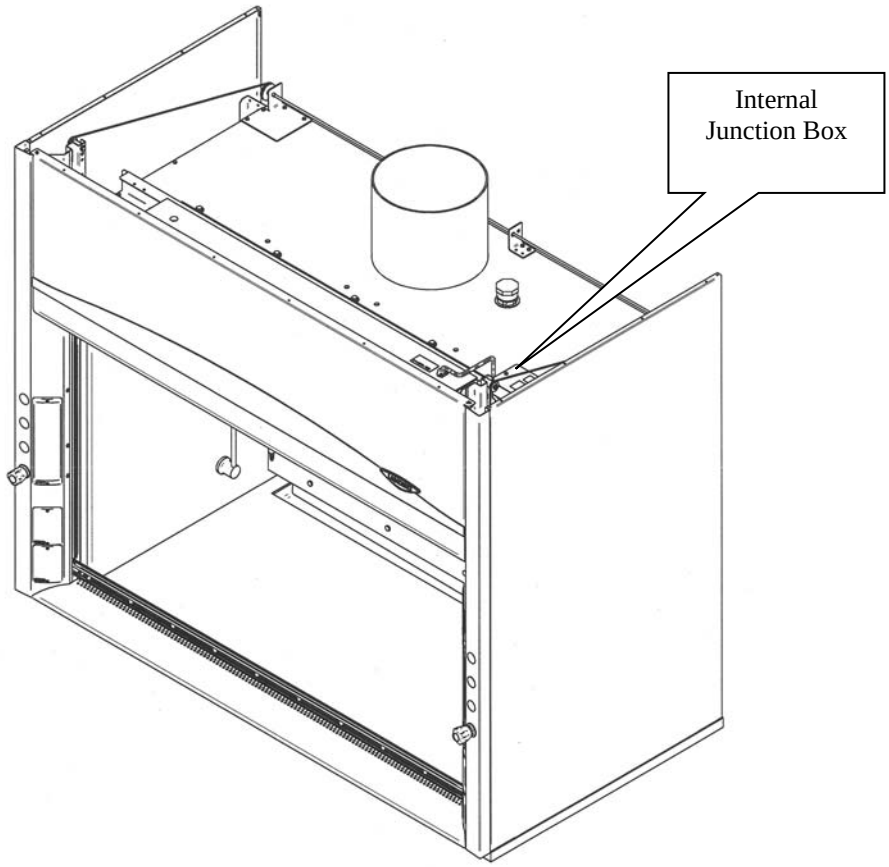


Figure 3-3

All wiring for the fume hood SHOULD be performed by a licensed electrician and conform to all local codes. In most cases, the hood will require the use of shielded conduit to protect the wiring into the hood. The grounding connection shall not be made to the terminal box cover.

Tout le câblage électrique pour la hotte aspirante devrait être exécuté par un électricien agrée et être conforme à tous les règles en vigueur. Dans la plupart des cas, la hotte exigera l'usage de conduit blindé pour protéger le câblage électrique dans la hotte. La prise de terre ne sera pas faite à la couverture de la boîte du terminal.

The fluorescent light has been mounted outside the top liner panel and is sealed from vapors inside the hood structure. To change the fluorescent light bulbs in your hood, you must first remove the front panel from the hood. Next remove the knock out plugs holding the light fixture in place. Lift fixture up and replace any deflective bulbs. Reverse order to reassemble.

Connecting the Service Lines to the Protector Fume Hood

The hoods with service fixtures have been plumbed from the valve to the hose connector or gooseneck for your installation convenience. Supply tubing shall be provided by the qualified installer. Tubing can enter the hood from above, through the back, or through the work surface to make these connections to the service fixtures.

NOTE: Inspect all fittings for leakage. Tighten the fittings slightly if needed.

NOTE : Inspecter toutes les installations à la recherche de fuite. Resserrer les installations légèrement si nécessaires.

CAUTION: **Do not use oxygen with any standard service fixture. Contact Labconco Customer Service for oxygen fixture information.**

PRUDENCE : Ne pas utiliser de l'oxygène avec l'accessoire de service standard. Contacter le Service Clientèle de Labconco pour les informations d'accessoire d'oxygène.

Should access to the hood plumbing fixture bodies be required, remove the service access plate on the hood front corner posts by loosening their individual screws (see item 11, Figure A-1 in *Appendix A*). The valve body will now be fully exposed for any service work that may be necessary. The service fixtures supplied on your laboratory hood are designed for use with the following services:

- Air
- Cold Water
- Hot Water
- Natural Gas – See caution below
- Vacuum

WARNING: **Contact Labconco Customer Service directly before using any service other than those listed above in these valves to assure full compatibility.**

AVERTISSEMENT : Contacter le Service Clientèle de Labconco directement avant d'utiliser n'importe quel service autre que ceux énumérés au-dessus dans ces soupapes pour assurer une pleine compatibilité.

CAUTION: Natural gas should be used only in the service fixture that has been pre-plumbed with brass tubing. Sulfur content of the gas could cause deterioration of standard copper supply lines.

PRUDENCE : Le gaz naturel devrait être seulement utilisé dans l'accessoire de service qui a été pré soudé avec des tuyaux de cuivre. Le contenu soufré du gaz pourrait causer la détérioration des lignes d'alimentation en cuivre standard.

Sealing the Protector Hood to the Work Surface

When the hood has been set in place, ducted, wired, and plumbed, it should be sealed to the hardboard work top. Materials such as silicone sealants are recommended to seal the hood structure.

Certifying the Protector PVC Fume Hood

The combination of your laboratory hood, exhaust ductwork, and exhaust blower gives you the flexibility to change the airflow at the sash opening of your hood. To determine the actual face velocity at the sash opening, airflow velocity readings will need to be taken. This should be done across the sash opening of the hood in accordance with the *Industrial Ventilation Manual* section on laboratory hoods (see *Appendix E: References*). Labconco recommends an average face velocity at the sash opening of 100 feet per minute. Consult Chapter 2 for proper airflow volumes for your particular model.

Your Protector Fume Hood has been tested at the factory per ASHRAE 110-1995. All hoods achieve an "as manufactured rating" of less than 0.05 part per million (ppm) at 4 liters per minute (lpm); AM<0.05 (consult Labconco for individual fume hood ratings). For "field use" ASHRAE testing contact Labconco Sales Engineering Team or Customer Service for a certified on-site contractor.

NOTE: Face velocity profiles and smoke testing should be done periodically to ensure safe performance.

NOTE : Les profils de flux frontal et les tests de fumée devraient être régulièrement faits pour garantir une utilisation en toute securité.

CHAPTER 4
PERFORMANCE FEATURES AND SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Performance Features

Your Protector PVC Perchloric Acid Fume Hood has been engineered to efficiently ventilate and remove Perchloric acid fumes. The Protector PVC Acid Digestion Fume Hood has been engineered to efficiently ventilate and remove acid fumes of all kinds (excluding Perchloric acid) including hydrofluoric acid (HF). The Protector PVC Acid Digestion Hood must not be used with Perchloric acid as it can react with the Lexan sash. The Protector PVC Fume Hoods are designed to provide a flow of air sufficient to extract the acid fumes from within the work area and keep them away from the operator to avoid ingestion, inhalation, or skin contact.

The hood interior is constructed of seamless PVC with coved interior corners. The hood also features an integral washdown system, which helps prevent the accumulation of perchlorates or acids. The smooth interior finish compliments the washdown system as there are no screws or hollow fasteners present that could harbor undesirable residue.

The Protector PVC Fume Hood has been engineered to allow you, the customer, the maximum work area and personnel safety. The by-pass air configuration on the Protector PVC Fume Hoods is totally dependent on air being supplied to the hood from its surrounding environment for proper operation.

As stated previously, the Protector PVC Perchloric Acid Hood is designed to handle Perchloric acid operations of all types, while the PVC Acid Digestion Hood is designed to handle acids of all kinds (excluding Perchloric acid) including hydrofluoric acid (HF). Usage of materials other than the specific acids mentioned above is not recommended. Perchloric acid is a strong oxidizing agent, and should not be used in combination with any organic material as the possibility of a hazardous chemical reaction or explosion could develop.

The integral washdown system in either PVC Fume Hood allows the operator the ability to wash behind the baffle and ensure that a build-up of Perchloric salts or other acids does not develop in that location. All of the washdown water from the internal spray nozzles is contained behind the baffle and does not interfere with normal operations being performed inside the hood. The washdown water is collected in the hood drain trough.

The hood liner must be washed down manually by the operator. The internal washdown system can be connected to the wash rings used in your hood exhaust system. The water used in the spray wash rings is collected in the hood drain trough once it has been allowed to flow down and cleanse the duct thoroughly.

WARNING: It is recommended that the PVC Hood be washed down thoroughly after every usage for 10 minutes, at least once a day.

AVERTISSEMENT: Il est recommandé que le capot PVC être lavé soigneusement après chaque usage pendant 10 minutes, au moins une fois par jour.

1. **Unique sash provides maximum visibility of 37.5" high while conserving energy by limiting sash travel to 28"**. Vertical-rising sash may be raised from a closed to 28" operating height. Exhaust volume and blower sizing are based on the 28" height. Optional sash stops are available to limit sash height and reduce energy usage. The PVC Perchloric Acid Hood has a glass sash specifically used for Perchloric Acid. The PVC Acid Digestion Hood has a Lexan sash specifically used for all acids (excluding Perchloric acid) including hydrofluoric acid (HF). **NOTE:** Hydrofluoric acid will etch or fog standard plate glass, but not Lexan plastic.
2. **By-pass airflow design** ensures relatively stable face velocities.
3. **Large usable interior work depth and interior height of 48"** provides ample working space.
4. **Baffle** directs airflow to the rear of the interior to provide efficient airflow. The baffle may be removed for cleaning purposes only.
5. **Exterior access cover plates** are removable for easy access to plumbing valves when access through the sides is not available.
6. **Lift-Away™ front panel** provides easy access to electrical wiring, sash weights, and lighting fixtures.
7. **Energy efficient fluorescent lighting** is located behind a laminated safety glass shield mounted to the top of the hood. The factory-wired lighting is serviceable from outside the hood cavity.
8. **Low-mounted, factory-wired light and blower switches** are ADA compliant.

9. **Clean-Sweep™** air foil allows air to sweep the work surface for maximum containment.
10. **Streamlined corner posts** provide maximum visibility and the flexibility to add services; services are most easily added at the factory, because of the PVC liner.
11. **All hoods are factory-prepared for up to 7 service fixtures**. Additional fixtures are available only as a factory special. Liner hole drilling is required to add another fixture in the field.
12. **One duplex electrical receptacle** is mounted on the right corner post. Receptacles are factory-wired to hood single point junction box. Additional electrical receptacles are available as factory or field installed.
13. **PVC interior liner** is seamless PVC with coved interior corners and integral work surface.
14. **Accessory Guardian™ Digital Airflow Monitor** or **Guardian Jr. Monitor** continuously monitors face velocity. An audio/visual alarm alerts the user to low airflow conditions. The right corner post is factory prepared to accommodate the Guardian Monitor (sold separately).
15. **Optional Energy-Reducing A-Style Combination Sash Models.** These combination sashes allow the operator to use the hood with sashes either half open vertically or horizontally to conserve energy. Optional sash stops prevent raising the vertical sash above the half-open and fully closed positions unless manually defeated by the operator.
16. **Outside frame of epoxy-coated steel and galvanized steel** is durable and corrosion resistant.
17. **Exhaust connection**. The hood features 12" (12.75" OD pipe) PVC exhaust connections sized to allow for a minimum static pressure loss through the hood structure while providing a good transport velocity through the exhaust system.
18. **Solid hardboard support** provided to support the integral PVC bottom.
19. **Optional Ceiling Enclosure Kits** are available for a decorative facade between the hood and the ceiling.
20. **Optional Sash Stops** provide a means of controlling the operating height of the sash.
21. **Washdown control fixture.** Located on the left hand side of the hood superstructure, this valve controls the water flow to the integral washdown spray nozzles. The nozzles are located behind the hood baffle and washdown areas in the hood, which are inaccessible without removing the baffle. The control fixture can also be set up to control the washdown system used in your exhaust ductwork. To do this, connect the water line from your external washdown system to the plugged connection provided on the top of the internal washdown assembly. For additional washdown valves and sizing, See Chapters 2 & 7.

22. **Acid Cabinet Vent Connection.** As a convenience, the PVC Hood has a 2" plugged connection on top of the hood to vent the acid cabinet below the fume hood. The acid vent kit is listed in Chapter 7 and ordered separately as part number 3591101.
23. **Built-in Upper Bypass.** The PVC Hood includes an upper bypass block which proves to be useful when working with heat in digestions.

See Diagram on Page 20.

24. **CAUTION –** Current rating of receptacle is specified in *Appendix D*.

    AVERTIR – Classification des prises de courant est spécifié dans l'Annexe D.

25. **CAUTION –** See Appendix C and D for complete current rating.

    AVERTIR – Voir Annexe C et D pour la classification complete du courant.

26. **CAUTION –** Flammable Gas.

    AVERTIR – Gaz Inflammable.

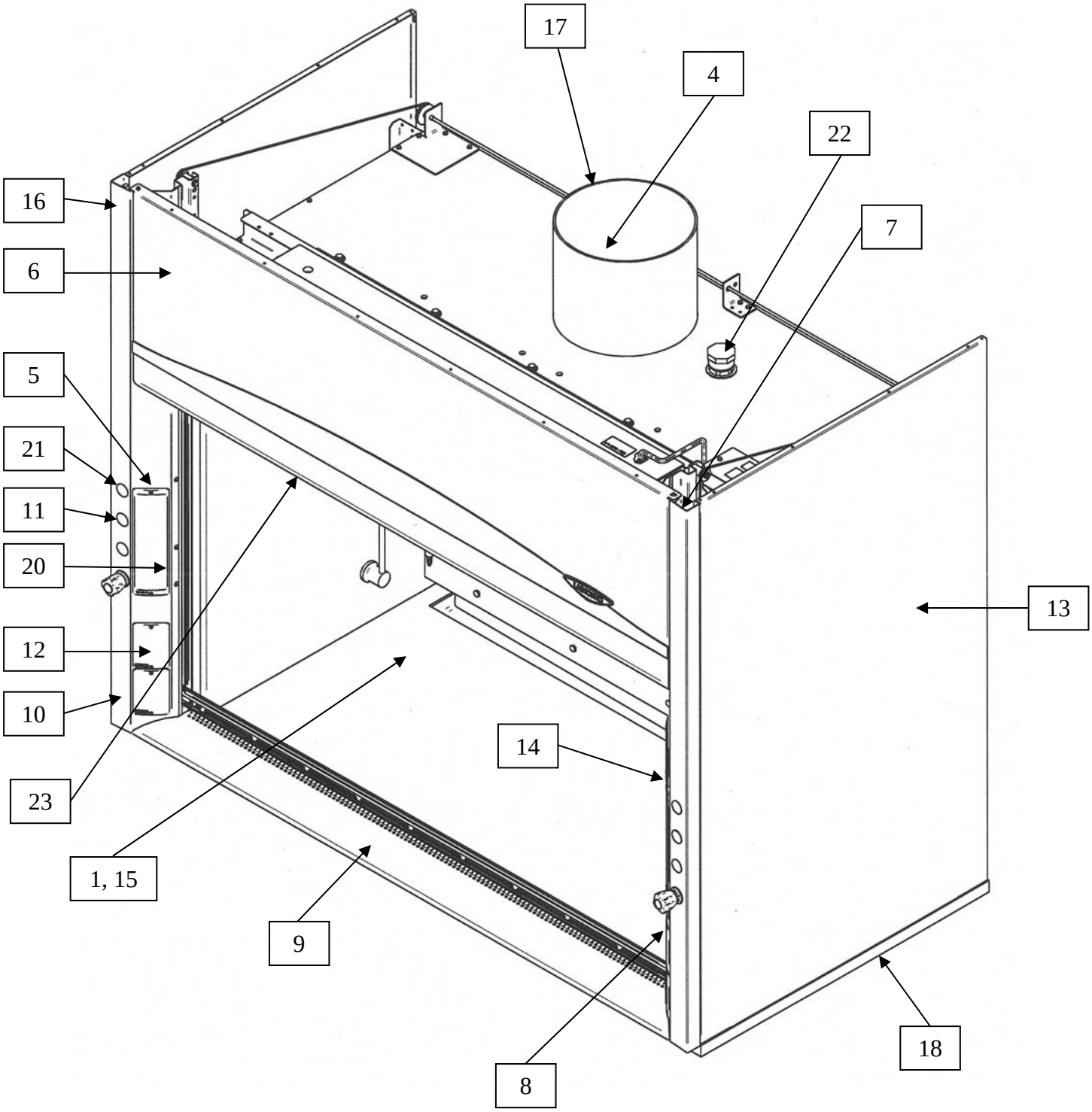


Figure 4-1

Safety Precautions

Although the laboratory hood has been engineered to maintain optimum operator safety, caution should always be used while working in the hood. Prior to using the hood, check to make sure that the exhaust blower is operating and that air is entering the hood at its specified face velocity.

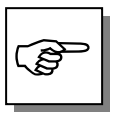
Bien que la hotte de laboratoire ait été réglée pour maintenir la sécurité optimale de l'opérateur, la prudence devrait toujours être utilisée en travaillant sous la hotte. Avant utiliser la hotte, le contrôle pour s'assurer que la soufflerie d'aspiration fonctionne et que cet air entre dans la hotte au flux spécifié.

Do not place any hot items directly on the PVC Hood integral work surface.

Ne placez pas d'aliments chauds directement sur la surface de travail intégrante PVC Hood.

Always keep the ventilation system in operation when using any heat generating source inside the PVC Hood. Severe damage to the PVC Hood liner and PVC baffle can occur if the ventilation system is turned off before the heat load inside has been reduced to a safe level.

Toujours garder le système de ventilation en marche lorsque vous utilisez une source de production à l'intérieur du capot PVC chaleur. De graves dommages au capot liner PVC et PVC chicane peut se produire si le système de ventilation est coupée avant que l'intérieur de la charge thermique a été réduite à un niveau sûr.



USE GOOD HOUSEKEEPING IN THE HOOD AT ALL TIMES. CLEAN UP SPILLS IMMEDIATELY WITH A MILD DETERGENT. PERIODICALLY CLEAN HOOD INTERIOR, INCLUDING FLUORESCENT LIGHT GLASS PANEL. REPLACE BURNED OUT LIGHT BULBS TO MAINTAIN MAXIMUM ILLUMINATION.

DO NOT OVERLOAD THE WORK SURFACE WITH APPARATUS OR WORK MATERIAL. THE SAFE OPERATION OF THE LABORATORY HOOD IS BASED UPON HAVING PROPER AIRFLOW THROUGH THE STRUCTURE. DO NOT PLACE LARGE, BULKY OBJECTS SUCH AS BLOCK HEATERS, DIRECTLY ON THE HOOD

WORK SURFACE. INSTEAD, ELEVATE THE OBJECT 2" TO 3" ON BLOCKS TO ALLOW A FLOW OF AIR UNDER THE OBJECT AND INTO THE LOWER REAR BAFFLE EXHAUST SLOT. ENSURE BLOCKS ARE LEVEL AND SECURED IN PLACE.

Blocking the bottom of the baffle at the rear of hood will change the airflow pattern in the hood causing turbulence and possible leakage at the face of the hood. (Don't store containers or supplies against baffles, as this will affect airflow through the hood).

Avoid placing your head inside hood. Keep hands out of hood as much as possible.

Bloquer le fond du déflecteur à l'arrière de la hotte changera le modèle du flux d'air dans la hotte causant de la turbulence et une fuite possible devant la hotte. (Ne pas emmagasiner des récipients ou des provisions contre les déflecteurs, car ceci affectera le flux d'air à travers la hotte).

Eviter de placer votre tête à l'intérieur de la hotte. Garder les mains à l'extérieur de la hotte le plus possible.

Always work as far back in hood as possible. It is best to keep all chemicals and apparatus 6" inside the front of the hood.

Toujours travailler aussi loin que possible de la hotte. Il est recommandé de garder tous les produits chimiques et appareils à 6 pouces à l'intérieur de l'avant de la hotte.

Perchloric acid use in PVC Perchloric Acid Hoods is recommended. Perchloric acid is not allowed in PVC Acid Digestion Hoods.

L'utilisation de l'acide perchlorique en PVC perchlorique Hoods acide est recommandée. L'acide perchlorique n'est pas autorisé en PVC acide hottes de digestion.

Wash the hood down thoroughly after each usage or at least once a day for a period of 10 minutes.

Laver le capot vers le bas après chaque utilisation ou au moins une fois par jour pendant une période de 10 minutes.

Safety requires regular washdown of fume hood interior, ductwork, and the movement of air preferably after each experiment. The baffle on this hood may be removed for access to all surfaces as a follow-up to washdown procedures. All deposits should be flushed away. Utilize lowest quantities of Perchloric acid or acids to fit procedural requirements.

La sécurité exige lavage à grande eau régulière de sorbonne intérieur, conduits, et le mouvement de l'air de préférence après chaque expérience. Le déflecteur sur ce capot peut être retiré pour accéder à toutes les surfaces comme un suivi des procédures de lavage. Tous les dépôts doivent être rincées loin. Utiliser plus faibles quantités d'acide perchlorique ou acides pour s'adapter aux exigences procédurales.

The use of Perchloric acid creates extreme inherent hazard because of its certain characteristics. Since there is a constant danger of explosion when using Perchloric acid, it is recommended that laboratories employing its use in any quantity become well informed of its characteristics. Only personnel fully cognizant with the properties of Perchloric acid and the hazards associated with it should perform Perchloric acid procedures.

L'utilisation d'acide perchlorique crée un aléa inhérent extrême en raison de ses certaines caractéristiques. Comme il ya un danger constant d'explosion lors de l'utilisation d'acide perchlorique, il est recommandé que les laboratoires qui emploient son utilisation dans n'importe quelle quantité deviennent bien informés de ses caractéristiques. Seul un personnel parfaitement au courant avec les propriétés de l'acide perchlorique et les risques qui y sont associés doivent effectuer les procédures d'acide perchlorique.

The PVC Perchloric Acid Hood is specially designed for use with Perchloric acid. It should not be used as a general-purpose laboratory fume hood. Do not work with organic materials in the PVC Perchloric Acid Fume Hood. Perchloric acid when used with organic material can cause a hazardous chemical reaction or explosion. Because of extreme hazards, miscellaneous work should not be performed in this hood. Do not store chemicals in a fume hood.

Le PVC Acide perchlorique capot est spécialement conçu pour être utilisé avec de l'acide perchlorique. Il ne devrait pas être utilisé comme une hotte de laboratoire à usage général. Ne pas travailler avec des matières organiques dans le PVC Acide perchlorique Hotte. L'acide perchlorique lorsqu'il est utilisé avec des matières organiques peut provoquer une réaction chimique dangereuse ou une explosion. En raison de risques extrêmes, travaux divers ne doit pas être effectuée dans cette hotte. Ne pas entreposer de produits chimiques dans une hotte.

All apparatus used within the hood interior should have inorganic coatings and lubricants.

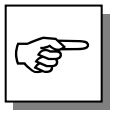
Tous les appareils utilisés à l'intérieur de la hotte doit avoir des revêtements et des lubrifiants minéraux.

Although, the Protector PVC Perchloric Acid Fume Hoods conform to all generally accepted standards of design for this type of equipment, we accept no responsibility or liability for accidents that may possibly occur in the use of Perchloric acid in our hoods.

Bien que, le Protecteur du PVC acide perchlorique hottes sont conformes aux normes généralement admises de la conception de ce type de matériel, nous déclinons toute responsabilité pour les accidents qui pourraient éventuellement se produire dans l'utilisation de l'acide perchlorique dans nos hottes.

Radioisotope materials are not recommended for use in PVC Hoods.

Matériaux radio-isotopes ne sont pas recommandés pour une utilisation dans des hottes en PVC.



AVOID CROSS DRAFTS AND LIMIT TRAFFIC IN FRONT OF THE HOOD. AIR DISTURBANCES CREATED MAY DRAW FUMES OUT OF THE HOOD.

The use of heat-generating equipment in this hood without the exhaust system operating properly can cause damage to the hood.

L'usage d'équipement chaleur-produiant dans ce capuchon sans l'opération de système d'aspiration peut causer convenablement des dommages à la hotte.

The Protector PVC Laboratory Hoods should be certified by a qualified certification technician before initially used. The hood should be re-certified whenever it is relocated, serviced or at least annually thereafter.

Le protecteur en PVC Hoods laboratoire doivent être certifiés par un technicien de certification qualifié avant la première utilisation. La hotte doit être re-certifié à chaque fois qu'il est déplacé, l'entretien ou au moins annuellement par la suite.

Ensure that the hood is connected to electrical service in accordance with local and national electrical codes. Failure to do so may create a fire or electrical hazard. Do not remove or service any electrical components without first disconnecting the hood from electrical service. Proper operation of the fume hood depends largely upon the hood's location and the operator's work habits. Consult the *Reference Manual in Appendix D.*

Assurez-vous que le capot est connecté au service électrique conformément aux codes électriques locaux et nationaux. Ne pas le faire peut créer un risque d'incendie ou électrique. Ne pas enlever ou de réparer des composants électriques sans d'abord débrancher la hotte du service électrique. Le bon fonctionnement de la hotte dépend largement de l'emplacement de la hotte et les habitudes de travail de l'opérateur. Consultez le manuel de référence à l'Annexe D.

If the unit is not operated as specified in this manual it may impair the protection provided by the unit.

Si l'unité n'est pas utilisée comme spécifié dans ce manuel il peut diminuer la protection fournie par l'unité.

Do not position the fume hood so that it is difficult to operate the main disconnect device.

Ne pas positionner la hotte de sorte qu'il est difficile de faire fonctionner le dispositif principal de déconnexion.

CHAPTER 5
USING THE PROTECTOR PVC

Operating the Vertical-Rising Glass Sash

Because of the Protector PVC Perchloric Acid Hood's counterbalanced sash mechanism, it will take only a few pounds of force to move the sash up or down, and you can operate the sash smoothly with one or two hands positioned any where along the handle. The glass sash is suitable for use with Perchloric acid. The vertical-rising sash may be raised to a maximum 28" operating height. The airflow requirements should be sized for the 28" operating height; if using sash stops then the airflow requirements can be reduced by approximately 40% at 18" or approximately 50% at 15".

Operating the Vertical-Rising Lexan Sash

Because of the Protector PVC Acid Digestion Hood counterbalanced sash mechanism, it will take only a few pounds of force to move the sash up or down, and you can operate the sash smoothly with one or two hands positioned any where along the handle. The Lexan sash prevents fogging caused by hydrofluoric acid (HF). The Lexan sash is suitable for acids other than Perchloric acid, which can react with the Lexan plastic. The airflow requirements should be sized for the 28" operating height, if using sash stops then the airflow requirements can be reduced by approximately 40% at 18" or approximately 50% at 15".

Operating the Blower

Your Protector PVC Fume Hood utilizes a remote style blower, which can be activated by turning the blower switch to "ON." You can validate the hood performance by watching smoke drawn into the hood face opening.

Operating the Lights

Your Protector PVC Fume Hood utilizes a factory-wired fluorescent light to illuminate the hood interior. Simply turn the light switch to "ON" to operate.

S

Operating the Washdown Control Valve

Your Protector PVC Fume Hood has a washdown control valve located on the upper left-hand side that controls water to the washdown spray nozzles. The nozzles are located behind the hood baffle and will washdown areas in the hood, which are unaccessible without removing the baffle. The washdown control system can also be set up to control the washdown rings used in your exhaust ductwork. This is done by connecting the water line to the plugged connection on top of the washdown hood system or ordering additional washdown valves found in Chapter 2 and Chapter 7.

Working in Your Protector PVC Fume Hood

Planning

- Thoroughly understand procedures and equipment required before beginning work.
- Arrange for minimal disruptions, such as room traffic or entry into the room while the hood is in use.

Start-up

- Turn on fluorescent light and hood blower.
- Slowly raise the sash.
- Check the baffle air slots for obstructions.
- Allow the hood to operate unobstructed for 5 minutes.
- Wear a long sleeved lab coat and rubber gloves. Use protective eyewear. Wear a protective mask if appropriate.

Loading Materials and Equipment

- Only load the PVC Hood materials required for the procedure. Do not overload the hood. Only use Perchloric acid in the PVC Perchloric Acid Fume Hood.
- Radioisotope materials are not recommended for use in these PVC Hoods. Consult your Safety Officer should you have any questions.
- Do not obstruct the front air foil, or rear baffle slots.
- Large objects should not be placed close together and spaced above the liner bottom to permit airflow to sweep under the equipment.
- After loading the hood, wait one minute to purge airborne contaminants from the work area.

Work Techniques

- Keep all materials at least 6 inches inside of the sash, and perform all contaminated operations as far to the rear of the work area as possible. Segregate all clean and contaminated materials in the work area.
- Avoid using techniques or procedures that disrupt the airflow patterns of the hood.

Final Purging

- Upon completion of work, the hood should be allowed to operate for two to three minutes undisturbed, to purge airborne contaminants from the work area before shutting down blower.

Unloading Materials and Equipment

- Objects in contact with contaminated material should be surface decontaminated before removal from the hood.
- All open trays or containers should be covered before being removed from the hood.

Final Washdown Procedure

- Water washdown or flooding the surfaces with water is standard practice and results in reduction of contamination on the PVC liner material due to Perchloric acid salts or acids.
- Proper operation of your PVC Fume Hood requires that you wash the fume removal system down sufficiently to ensure that there is no build up of Perchloric acid salts or acids within the entire system.
- Normal washdown procedures suggest that you run the wash system in the exhaust duct with the fan on for approximately 1-2 minutes, and then with the fan off for approximately 10 minutes to thoroughly clean this portion of the exhaust system.
- In addition to this, the internal hood spray nozzles should be activated for approximately 10 minutes after the completion of your procedures to clean behind the baffle in the hood. Work areas in front of the baffle in the hood will need to be manually cleaned by the operator. Because the volume of Perchloric acid salts or acids can vary greatly due to specific procedures and workloads, you should consult your in-house Safety Officer for specific rules and frequency requirements for washing down your total system.

Shutdown

- Only turn off the fluorescent light and hood blower if final washdown is complete, and then close the sash.

CHAPTER 6
MAINTAINING THE PROTECTOR PVC

Now that you have an understanding of how to work in the fume hood, we will review the suggested maintenance schedule and the common service operations necessary to maintain your fume hood for peak performance.

Service Safety Precautions

- If performing any electrical maintenance, always disconnect the power at the main disconnect.
- If performing decontamination inside the fume hood, consult your safety officer for proper personal protective equipment and procedure.
- Since some service operations require a step ladder, always use proper safety and consult your safety officer
- If performing maintenance on any service lines, always shut off the supply first.
- Some removable components may be heavy, follow safe-lifting guidelines.
- Verify all components are installed correctly with performance verified before conducting normal operations.

Précautions de Sécurité pour l'Entretien

- Lors de l'entretien électrique, toujours débrancher le courant du secteur principal.
- Durant la décontamination sous la hotte d'aspiration, consulter votre responsable de sécurité pour le correct équipement de protection du personnel et la procédure.
- Puisque certaines opérations d'entretien exigent plusieurs étapes, toujours utiliser la correcte sécurité et consulter votre responsable de sécurité

- Lors de l'entretien sur n'importe quelles lignes de secteur, toujours éteindre premièrement l’alimentation.
- Quelques composants détachables peuvent être lourds, respecter les règles de sécurité du soulèvement.
- Vérifier tous les composants sont correctement installés avec un fonctionnement vérifié avant de faire des opérations normales.

- **Only trained and experienced certification technicians should perform some of the service operations after the fume hood has been properly decontaminated. DO NOT attempt to perform these operations if you are not properly trained. The wrench icon precedes the service operations that require qualified technicians.**
- **Seulement les techniciens de certification expérimentés et entraînés devraient exécuter certaines des opérations d’entretien après que la hotte d’aspiration ait été convenablement décontaminée. NE PAS tenter d'exécuter ces opérations si vous n'êtes pas convenablement entraîné. L'icône de clé plate précède les opérations d’entretien qui exigent des techniciens qualifiés.**

Routine Maintenance Schedule

Daily
Tous les jours

- Washdown PVC liner and PVC baffle surfaces (if used daily) from Perchloric acid salts or acids as outlined in Chapter 5 Final Washdown.
- Lavage à grande eau PVC doublure et surfaces de chicanes en PVC (si elle est utilisée tous les jours) à partir de sels de l'acide perchlorique ou acides à décrite dans le chapitre 5 lavage à grande finale.

Weekly

- Using ordinary dish soap to clean the surface inside of the fume hood, and the work surface.
- Using an appropriate glass cleaner, clean the sash and all glass surfaces.
- Operate the fume hood blower, noting the airflow velocity through the hood using a source of visible smoke.

Monthly (or more often as required)
Mensuellement (ou plus régulièrement si nécessaire)

- Determine the actual face velocity through the sash opening of the hood where the average reading should be at the specified velocity. (Use calibrated thermal anemometer or other approved apparatus).
- Déterminer l’actuel flux d’aspiration à travers le sas d’entrée de la hotte où la valeur moyenne doit être égale à la valeur spécifiée. (Utiliser un anémomètre thermique calibré ou d’autres appareils approuvés).
- Using a damp cloth, clean the exterior surfaces of the hood, particularly the front of the hood, to remove any accumulated dust.

- En utilisant un chiffon humidifié, nettoyer les parties extérieures de la hotte, en particulier le devant de la hotte pour enlever la poussière accumulée.
- Check all service valves, if so equipped, for proper operation.
- Contrôler toutes les soupapes, si présentes, pour le bon fonctionnement.
- The hood baffles should be checked for blockages behind them to ensure that the hood is maintaining proper airflow.
- Les déflecteurs de hotte devraient être contrôlés pour leur blocage arrière afin d'assurer que la hotte maintient un flux d'air correct.
- All weekly activities.
- Toutes les activités hebdomadaires.

Annually
Annuellement

- Replace the fluorescent lamps.
- Remplacer les lampes fluorescentes.
- Have the fume hood recertified by a qualified certification technician. See "Certifying the Protector Fume Hood" in *Chapter 3*.
- Recertifier la hotte aspirante par un technicien agréé en certification.Voir au Chapitre 3 « Certifier la Hotte Aspirante Protecteur ».
- All monthly activities.
- Toutes les activités mensuelles.

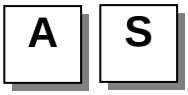
Biannually

- The sash assembly should be checked to ensure proper operation and to make sure there are no signs of abnormal wear on the sash pulleys, cables and clamps.

Routine Service Operations

Front Panel Removal:

1. Simply lift the front panel up and then away from the hood to provide access to the top.



Changing the Fluorescent Lamp:

1. Turn light switch to "OFF".
2. Remove the front panel as noted earlier.
3. Reach over the front header of the hood and remove knock out plugs at both ends of fixture. Lift fixture up.
4. Remove the fluorescent lamp by pushing it out of the spring-loaded lamp socket and swinging it out of the other lamp socket.
5. Install the new lamp by reversing the removal procedure.

CHAPTER 7
MODIFYING THE PROTECTOR PVC

There are several ways to modify the fume hood for your individual requirements. These include the addition of work tops, service fixtures, air monitor, electrical duplex outlets, ceiling enclosures, and rear panels.

Installing Hardboard Support Surface

Your Protector PVC Fume Hood requires a hardboard support surface to properly support the integral work surface of the one-piece PVC liner. The hardboard support is shipped and included with the PVC Fume Hood. Be sure to secure the hardboard support per the instructions in Chapter 3.

Installing Ceiling Enclosures Above the Fume Hood

Your Protector Fume Hood has mounting holes to accept a ceiling enclosure to close off the area between the top of the hood and the ceiling. Contact Labconco Customer Service for ordering information.

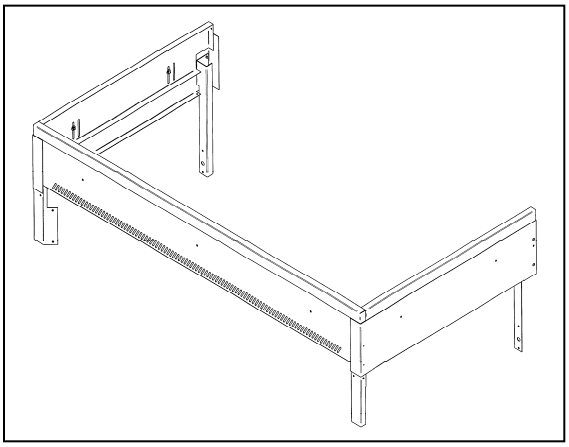


Figure 7-1

Installing Rear Panels Behind the Fume Hood

Your Protector Fume Hood can be modified to add a rear panel behind the fume hood when the fume hood is placed on an island (not available on Pass-Through Fume Hood). Contact Labconco Customer Service for ordering information.

Installing Guardian™ Digital Airflow Monitor or Guardian™ Airflow Monitor

The Guardian Airflow Monitors continuously monitor face velocity through the fume hood opening. The fume hood right corner post is factory prepared to mount either monitor. Contact Labconco Customer Service to order.

Sash Stop Kit – Field Installation (P/N 9410300)

The sash stop kit restricts how far a vertical-rising sash may be opened. This small plastic device may be easily field installed on the fixture corner post of any fume hood.

Installing an Electrical Duplex Outlet

Your Protector Fume Hood can be ordered with duplex outlets, however, if you ordered a model without an electrical duplex outlet you can have one installed in the field by a qualified electrician. Contact Labconco Customer Service for ordering information. (Not acceptable on explosion-proof hoods).

Votre Protège-capot de fumées peut être commandé avec prises doubles, cependant, si vous avez commandé un modèle sans prise de courant duplex, vous pouvez en faire installer sur le terrain par un électricien qualifié. Contactez le service clientèle Labconco pour commander. (Non acceptable sur antidéflagrants hottes).

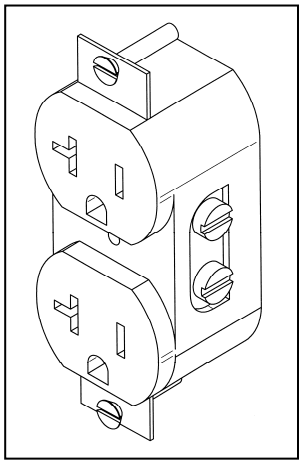


Figure 7-2

Installing the Acid Vent Kit from the Acid Cabinet

Order 3591101 Acid Vent Kit for PVC hoods to install from the Acid Cabinet below to the top of the PVC Hood. Remove the plugged 2" connection and route the tubing.

Installing Additional Washdown Valve

Order 9808310 Washdown Valve and follow the sizing guideline from Chapter 2.

CHAPTER 8
TROUBLESHOOTING

Refer to the following table if your fume hood fails to operate properly. If the suggested corrective actions do not solve your problem, contact Labconco for additional assistance.

PROBLEM	CAUSE	CORRECTIVE ACTION
Remote blower and lights won't operate	Wires not connected at junction boxes or switches.	Check connection of switches.
		Check connection to control box on top of unit.
	Circuit breakers tripped in building electrical supply.	Reset circuit breakers.
Remote blower won't operate, but lights work	Blower wiring is disconnected.	Inspect blower wiring and switch.
	Belt broken.	Replace belt.
	Blower motor is defective.	Replace blower motor.
Fume hood blower operates but lights will not operate	Lamp not installed correctly.	Inspect lamp installation.
	Lamp is defective.	Replace lamp.
	Lamp circuit breaker in building is tripped.	Reset the lamp circuit breaker.

PROBLEM	CAUSE	CORRECTIVE ACTION
Fume hood blower operates but lights will not operate	Lamp wiring is disconnected.	Inspect lamp wiring.
	Defective lamp ballasts.	Replace lamp ballasts.
Contaminants escape outside of fume hood	Improper user techniques for the fume hood.	See “Certifying the Hood” Chapter 3 and “Safety Precautions” Chapter 4 sections in the manual. (Ref. Appendix D).
	Restriction of the baffle air slots or – blockage of the exhaust outlet.	Remove baffles to ensure that all air slots and the exhaust outlet are unobstructed.
	External factors are disrupting the fume hood airflow patterns or acting as a source of contamination.	See “Location Requirements” Chapter 2, “Certifying the Hood” Chapter 3, and “Safety Precautions” Chapter 4 sections of this manual. (Ref. Appendix D)
	Fume hood has improper face velocity.	Have fume hood re-certified and check remote blower exhaust system. Hood should have average face velocity of 100 fpm.
Vertical sash no longer operates smoothly	Cable is frayed or plastic protection is damaged.	Inspect cable and replace cable if worn or damaged immediately; otherwise injury could result.
	Pulley bearing is damaged.	Replace pulley, bearing or add grease.
	Cable has slipped off the pulleys.	Re-install, cable must be replaced immediately if damaged.
	Weight has broken pulleys.	Replace weight pulleys.
Combination A-Style sash no longer operates smoothly	Horizontal-sliding glass panels have come off the tracks.	Re-install horizontal-sliding glass on tracks.

PROBLEM	CAUSE	CORRECTIVE ACTION
	Vertical-rising sash frame is distorted.	Place horizontal sliding glass symmetrically and pull sash down to air foil. Straighten damaged frame.
	Cable is frayed or has slipped off the pulleys.	Re-install, cable must be replaced immediately if damaged.
Electrical duplex outlets no longer have power	Wires not connected or faulty duplex.	Check wire connection or replace duplex.
	Circuit breakers tripped in building electrical supply.	Reset circuit breakers.
Service valves no longer operate	Faulty building supply.	Inspect building supply shut off valves and appropriate pressures below 40 PSI.
	Valve no longer operates.	Replace valve and check for leaks.
	Supply line or outlet line has leaks.	Inspect line for leaks and fix any leaking plumbing connections.
Spray Nozzles no longer work	Poor water supply	Inspect building water supply.
	Clogged nozzle	Replace spray nozzles.

APPENDIX A
PROTECTOR PVC COMPONENTS

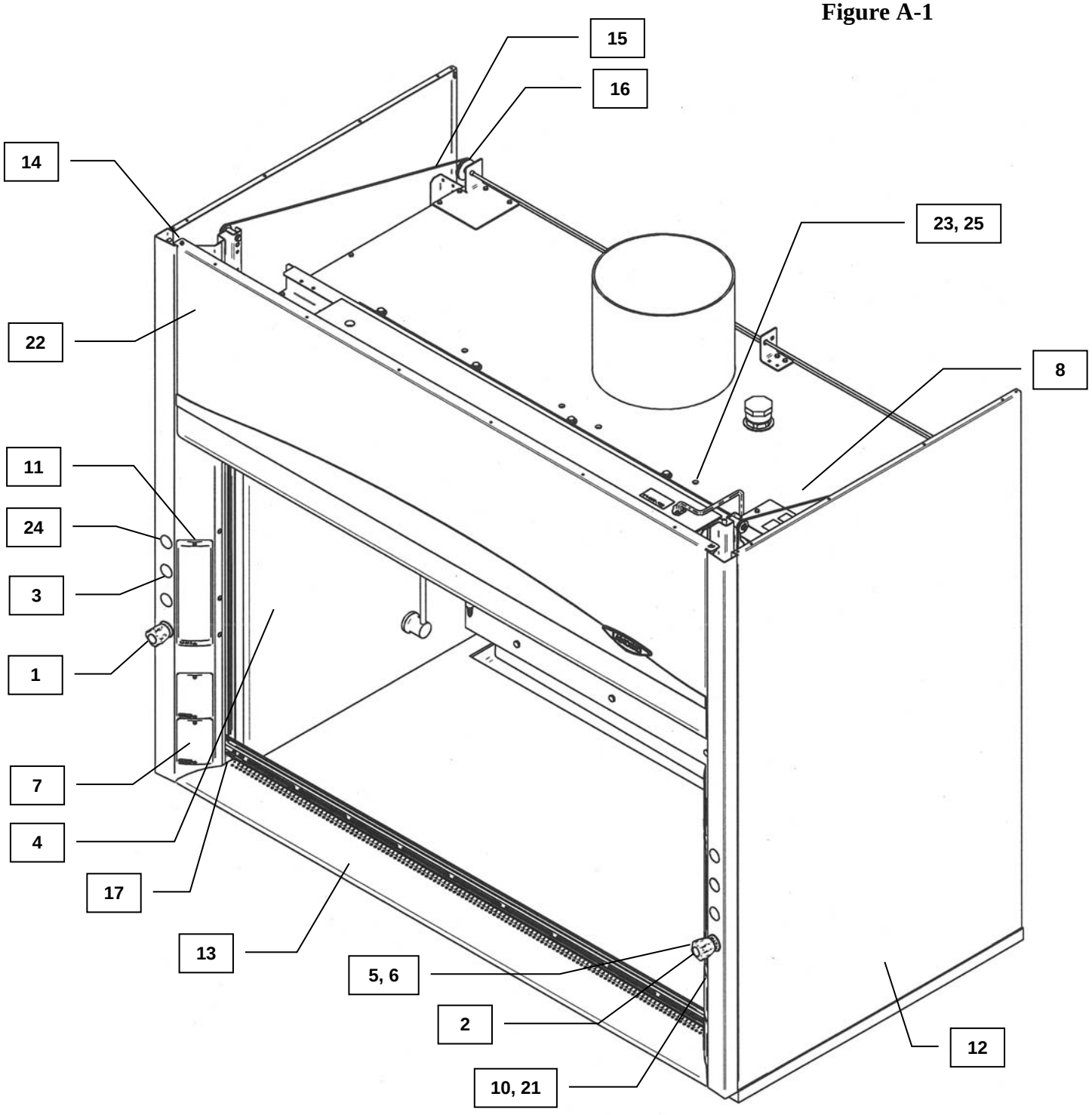
Illustration A-1 indicate the location of the following service parts:

Protector PVC Replacement Parts

Item	Quantity	Part No.	Description
1A	1	9823700	Valve, Labconco (Water) 1/4" Compression Fitting
1B	1	9823701	Valve, Labconco (Water) 3/8" Compression Fitting
1C	1	9817000	Valve, Labconco 1/4" Compression Fitting (AIR, GAS, VAC, NIT, etc.)
1D	1	9817001	Valve, Labconco 3/8" Compression Fitting (AIR, GAS, VAC, NIT, etc.)
1E	1	9823702	Valve, Labconco Deionized 1/4" Compression Fitting
1F	1	9823703	Valve, Labconco Deionized 3/8" Compression Fitting
1G	1	9818000	Nut, Valve Mounting. (Labconco)
2A	1	9826800	WaterSaver Valve/Gooseneck -GRN
2B	1	9826801	WaterSaver Valve/Connector (VAC) – YEL
2C	1	9826802	WaterSaver Valve/Connector (AIR) – ORG
2D	1	9826803	WaterSaver Valve/Connector (GAS) – BLU
2E	1	9826805	WaterSaver Valve/Connector (HOT WATER) – RED
2F	1	9826806	WaterSaver Valve/Connector (CW) – GRN
2G	1	9826807	WaterSaver Valve/Connector (STEAM) – BLK
2H	1	9826808	WaterSaver Valve/Connector (NITROGEN) – BRN
2I	1	9826809	WaterSaver Valve/Connector (OXYGEN) – LIGHT GREEN
2J	1	9826810	Swivel Gooseneck only – GRN
2K	1	9826812	Swivel Gooseneck only – WHITE
3	1	9818700 thru 08	Knobs (GRAY, GRN, BLU, ORG, YEL, RED, WHT, BLK, BRN)
4A	1	9818800	Hose Barb, GRAY – (NEUTRAL OR ARGON) – NOT SHOWN
4B	1	9818801	Hose Barb, GREEN - (COLD WATER) – NOT SHOWN
4C	1	9818802	Hose Barb, BLUE – (GAS) – NOT SHOWN
4D	1	9818803	Hose Barb, ORANGE – (AIR) – NOT SHOWN
4E	1	9818804	Hose Barb, YELLOW – (VACUUM) – NOT SHOWN
4F	1	9818805	Hose Barb, RED – (HOT WATER) – NOT SHOWN
4G	1	9818806	Hose Barb, WHITE – (DEIONIZED WATER) – NOT SHOWN
4H	1	9818807	Hose Barb, BLACK – (NEUTRAL OR STEAM) – NOT SHOWN
4I	1	9818808	Hose Barb, BROWN – (NITROGEN) – NOT SHOWN
4J	1	9819000	Nut, Hose Barb – NOT SHOWN
5	1	9825500	Label, Knob (contains all the labels)
6	1	9818900	Lens, Knob
7A	1	9947100, 01, 02	115V Duplex Receptacle (GRAY) Right, Left 4' - 6', Left 8' w/ wires
7B	1	9818200	Cover Plate 115V Duplex
7C	1	9947103, 04, 05	115V GFCI Duplex Receptacle (GRAY) Right 4' - 6', Left 8' w/ wires
7D	1	9818100	Cover Plate, 115V GFCI
7E	1	9818300	Cover Plate, Blank
8A	1	9721901	Lamp, Fluorescent (T8 x 3') – use on 4' & 8' Hoods – NOT SHOWN
8B	1	9721900	Lamp, Fluorescent (T8 x 4') – use on 5' & 6' Hoods – NOT SHOWN
8C	1	9945300	Fluorescent Light Fixture, 36" – use on 4' Hoods
8D	1	9945301	Fluorescent Light Fixture, 48" – use on 5', 6' Hoods
8E	1	9945302	Fluorescent Light Fixture, 36" Combo – use on 8' Hoods

Item	Quantity	Part No.	Description
10A	1	1302301	Switch, Rocker
10B	1	1327500	Switch, Plug (Fills cutout when switch is not used)
11	1	9818400	Access Cover
12A	1	9409800	Side Panel, 24" internal deep hoods
12B	4	1885308	Screw, Machine #10-24 x .50 Phillips
13A	1	9466400	Eco-Foil 4'
13B	1	9466401	Eco-Foil 5'
13C	1	9466402	Eco-Foil 6'
13D	1	9466403	Eco-Foil 8'
14	4	1861400	Pulley, Front, 1-3/16 Dia.
15	2	4949902	Cable, Sash 130" – NOT SHOWN
16	2	9709300	Plastic Pulley, (Rear 2")
17	2	9713300	Bumper, Rubber – NOT SHOWN (lower sash bumper)
18	4	1934100	Bronze Bearing, Flanged Rear – NOT SHOWN
19	4	1920100	Clamp, Cable Replacement – NOT SHOWN
20	2	9935800	Threaded Connector – NOT SHOWN (to attach weight to cable)
21	1	9946300 or 01	Wiring Harness, Main
22	1	9409601, 02, 03, 05	Front Panel, 4', 5', 6', 8'
23	1	1487100	Spray Nozzle PVC – NOT SHOWN
24	1	9817001	Washdown Control Valve
25	1	1549100	Plastic Tubing 3/8 OD x ¼ ID (125 psi W.P.) (Rigid Polyethylene – PE – NOT SHOWN)

Figure A-1



APPENDIX B
PROTECTOR PVC DIMENSIONS

PVC Model Widths

	4'	5'	6'	8'
A	48.00	60.00	72.00	96.00
B	38.25	50.25	62.25	86.25

Dimensions in inches. CAD layouts available upon request.

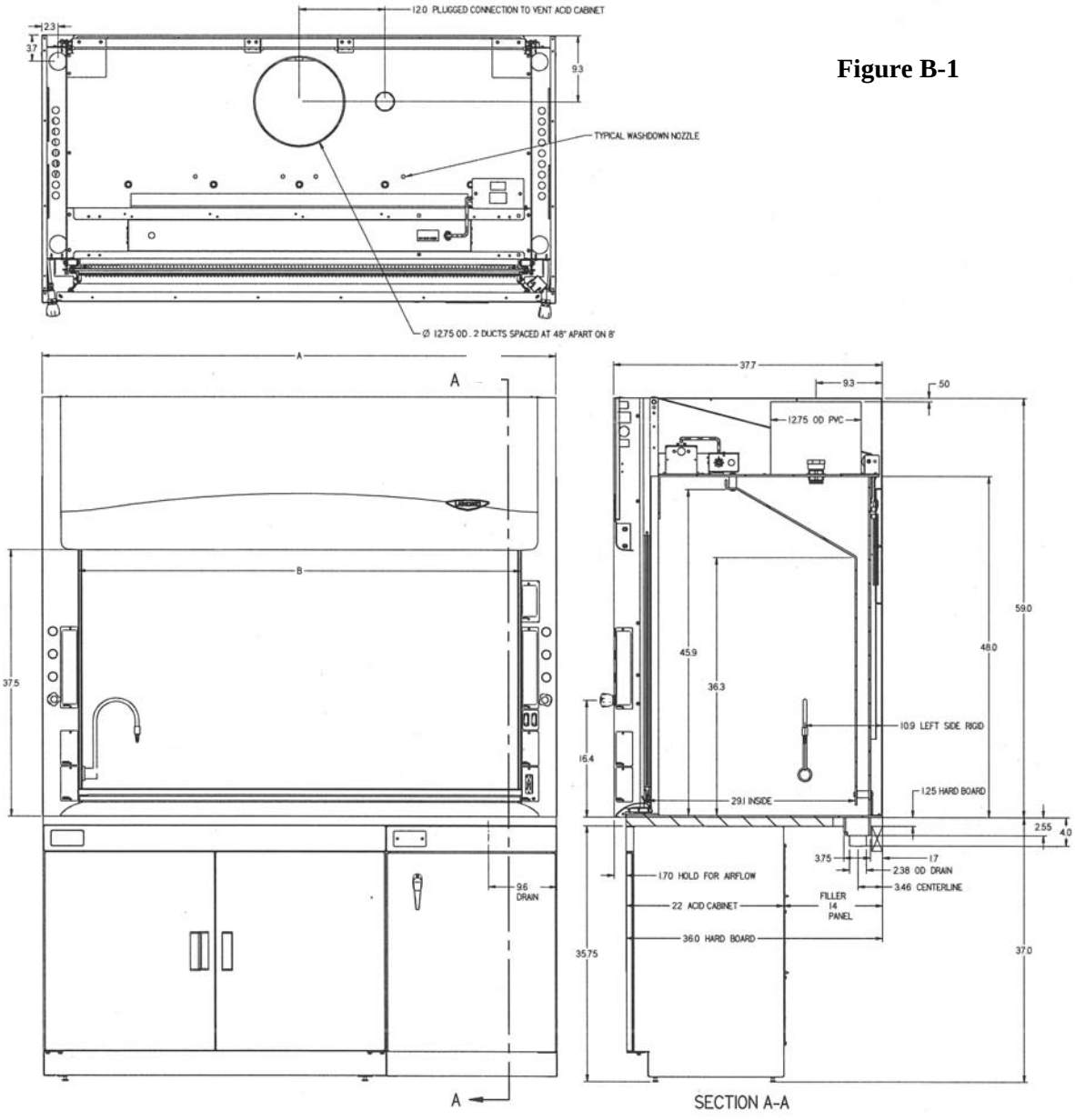


Figure B-1

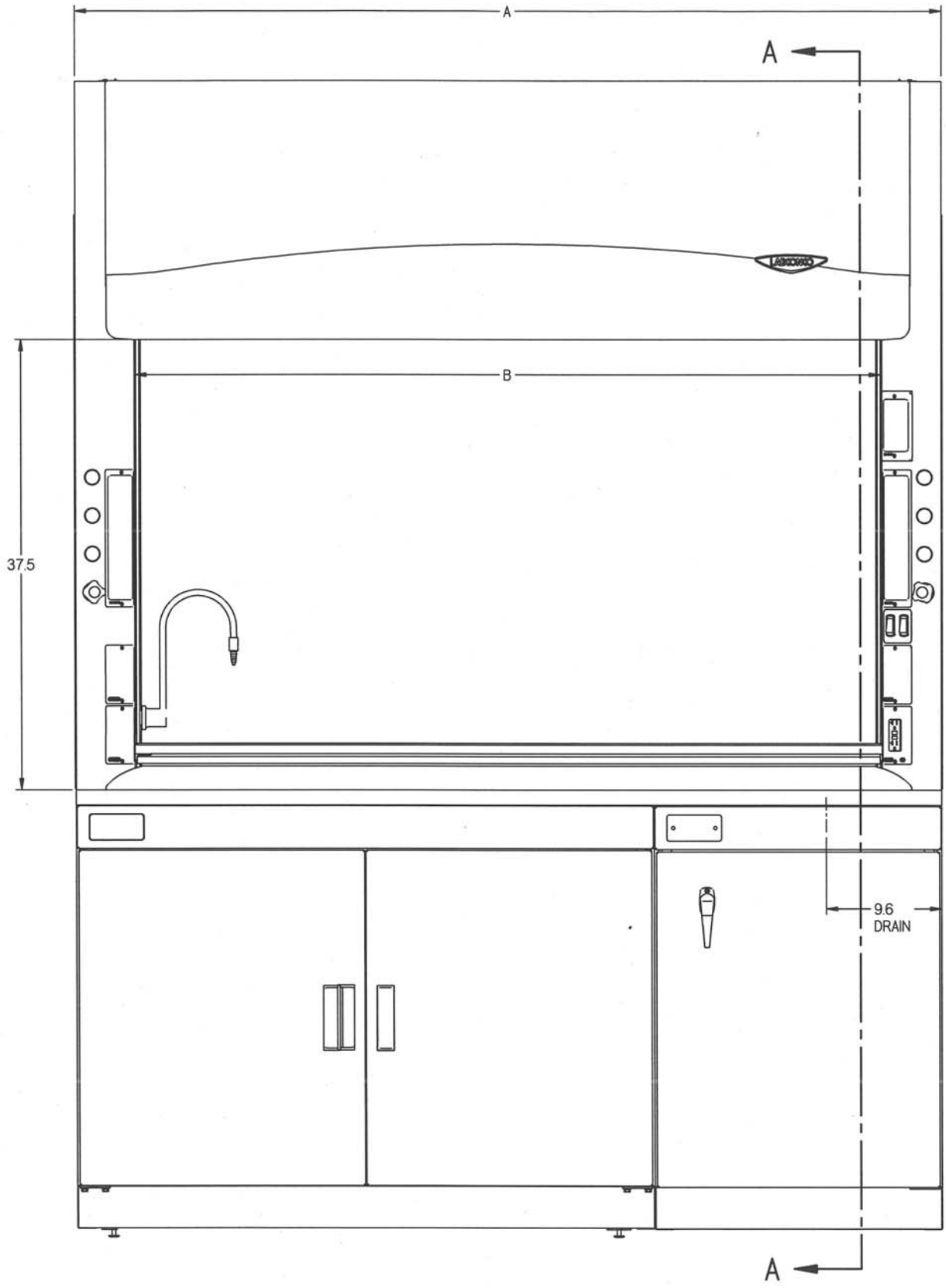


Figure B-2

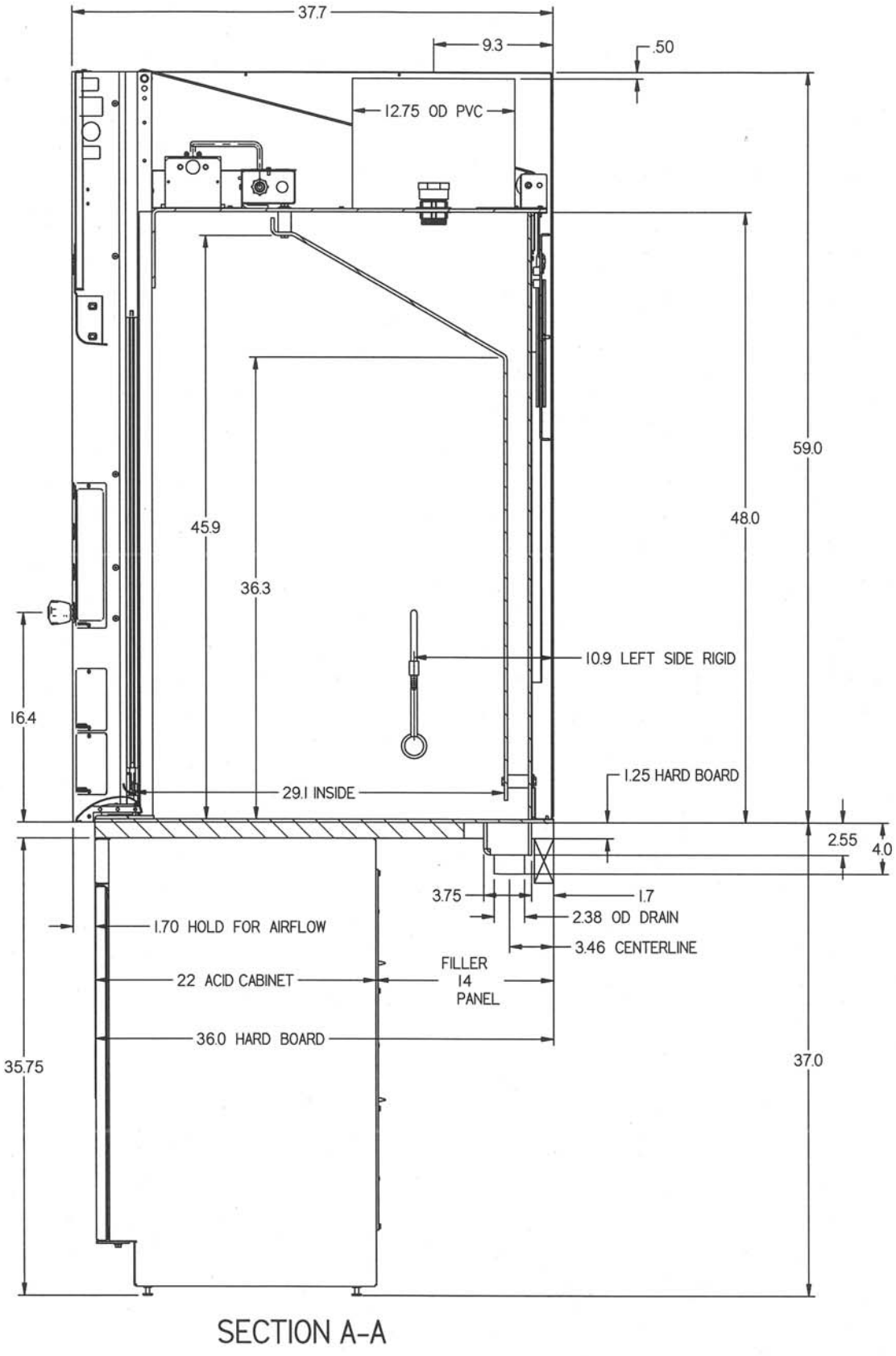

37.7
9.3
.50
12.75 OD PVC
59.0
48.0
45.9
36.3
10.9 LEFT SIDE RIGID
16.4
29.1 INSIDE
1.25 HARD BOARD
2.55
4.0
3.75
1.7
2.38 OD DRAIN
3.46 CENTERLINE
1.70 HOLD FOR AIRFLOW
FILLER
14
PANEL
22 ACID CABINET
36.0 HARD BOARD
35.75
37.0
SECTION A-A

Figure B-3

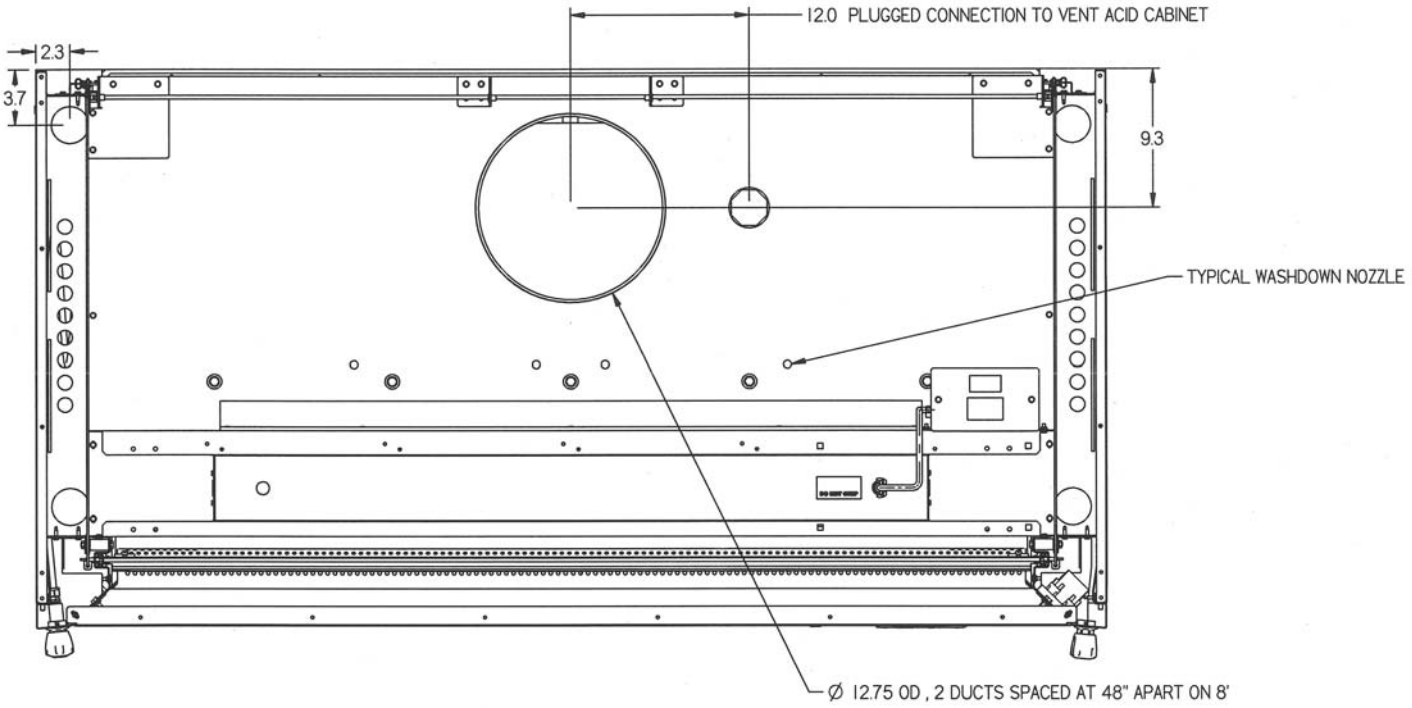

12.0 PLUGGED CONNECTION TO VENT ACID CABINET
2.3
3.7
9.3
TYPICAL WASHDOWN NOZZLE
Ø 12.75 OD , 2 DUCTS SPACED AT 48" APART ON 8'

Figure B-4

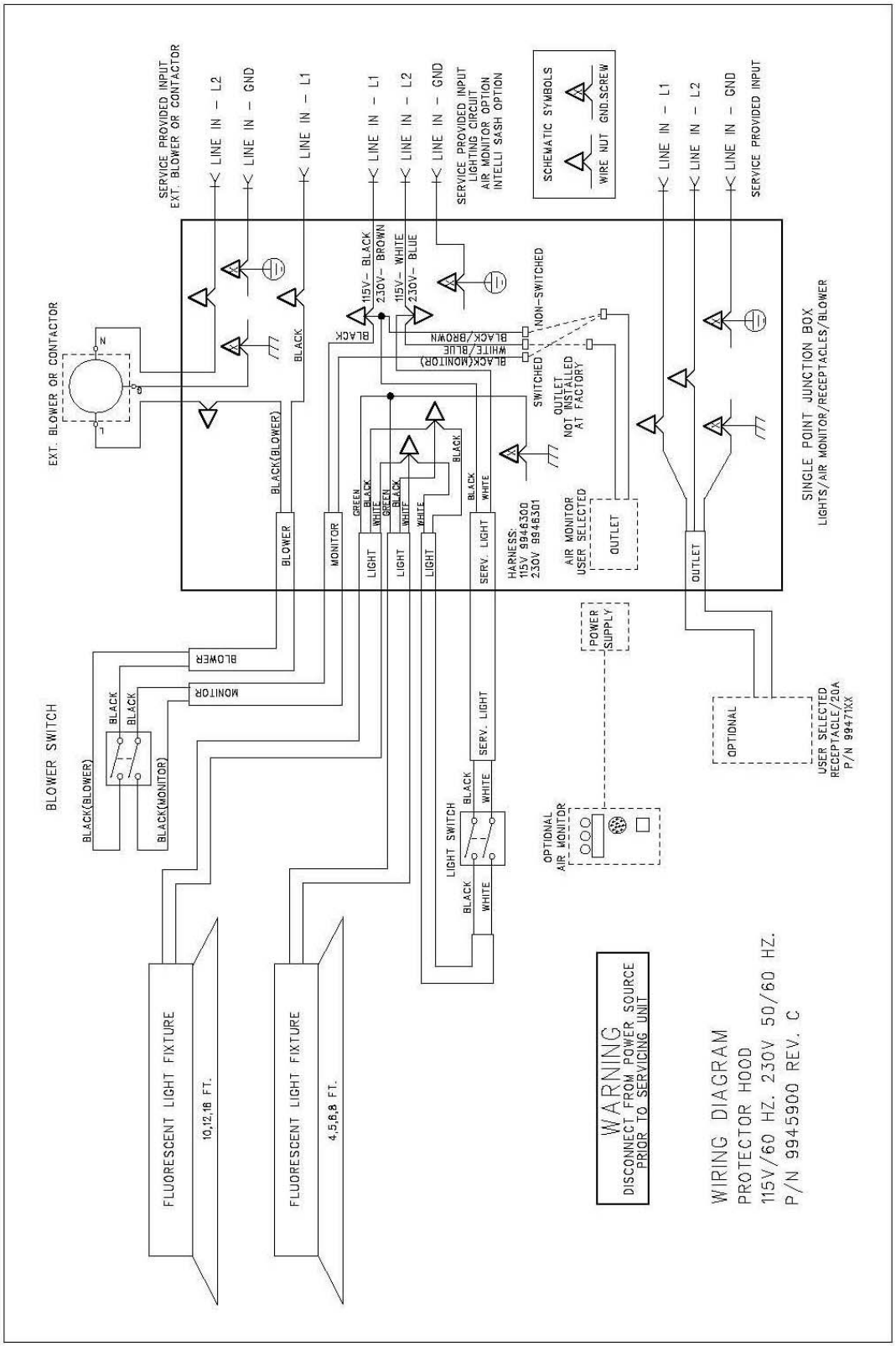
APPENDIX C PROTECTOR PVC SPECIFICATIONS

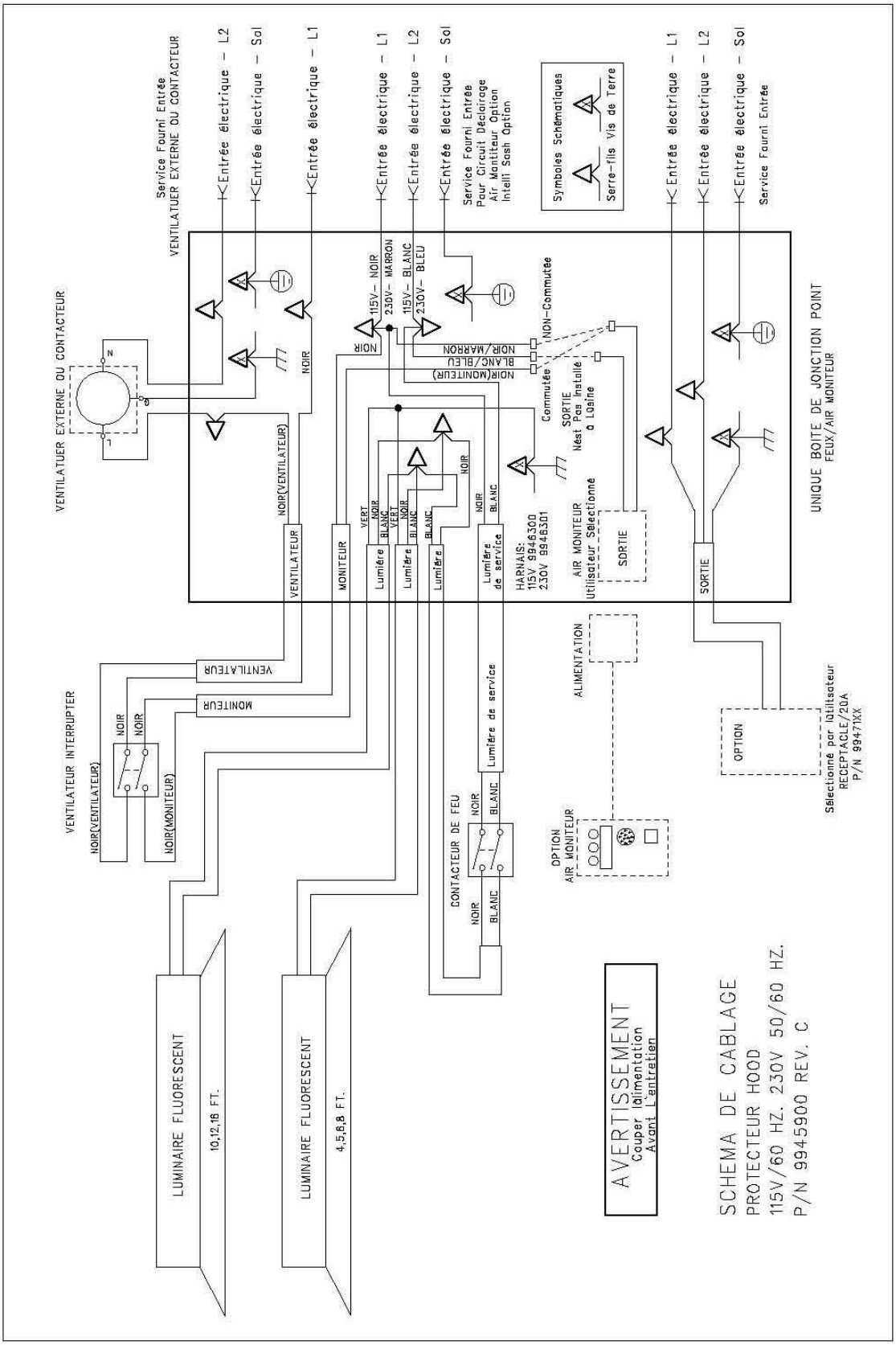
Environmental Conditions

- Indoor use only.
- Maximum altitude: 10,000 feet (3,048 meters).
- Ambient temperature range: 41° to 104°F (5° to 40°C).
- Maximum relative humidity: 80% for temperatures up to 88°F (31°C), decreasing linearly to 50% relative humidity at 104°F (40°C).
- Main supply voltage fluctuations not to exceed ±10% of the nominal voltage.
- Transient over-voltages according to Installation Categories II (Over-voltage Categories per IEC 1010). Temporary voltage spikes on the AC input line that may be as high as 1500V for 115V models and 2500V for 230V models are allowed.
- Used in an environment of Pollution degrees 2 (i.e., where normally only non-conductive atmospheres are present). Occasionally, however, a temporary conductivity caused by condensation must be expected, in accordance with IEC 664.
- Electrical Ratings

Volts AC	Phase	Cycle	AMP*
115	1	50/60	10
115	1	50	10
115	1	60	10
230	1	50/60	5
230	1	50	5
230	1	60	5

*Does not include current rating of receptacles.


SERVICE PROVIDED INPUT
EXT. BLOWER OR CONTACTOR
LINE IN – L2
LINE IN – GND
LINE IN – L1
LINE IN – L1
LINE IN – L2
LINE IN – GND
SERVICE PROVIDED INPUT
LIGHTING CIRCUIT
AIR MONITOR OPTION
INTELLI SASH OPTION
SCHEMATIC SYMBOLS
WIRE NUT
GND.SCREW
LINE IN – L1
LINE IN – L2
LINE IN – GND
SERVICE PROVIDED INPUT
EXT. BLOWER OR CONTACTOR
N
G
L
BLACK
BLACK(BLOWER)
115V– BLACK
230V– BROWN
115V– WHITE
230V– BLUE
BLACK
BLACK/BROWN
WHITE/BLUE
BLACK(MONITOR)
NON-SWITCHED
SWITCHED
OUTLET NOT INSTALLED AT FACTORY
BLOWER
MONITOR
LIGHT
LIGHT
LIGHT
SERV. LIGHT
HARNESS:
115V 9946300
230V 9946301
AIR MONITOR USER SELECTED
OUTLET
OUTLET
SINGLE POINT JUNCTION BOX
LIGHTS/AIR MONITOR/RECEPTACLES/BLOWER
GREEN
BLACK
WHITE
BLACK
WHITE
WHITE
BLACK
WHITE
BLOWER SWITCH
BLACK(BLOWER)
BLACK
BLACK
BLACK(MONITOR)
BLOWER
MONITOR
LIGHT SWITCH
BLACK
WHITE
BLACK
WHITE
SERV. LIGHT
POWER SUPPLY
OPTIONAL AIR MONITOR
OPTIONAL
USER SELECTED RECEPTACLE/20A P/N 994?XX
FLUORESCENT LIGHT FIXTURE
10,12,16 FT.
FLUORESCENT LIGHT FIXTURE
4,5,6,8 FT.
WARNING
DISCONNECT FROM POWER SOURCE PRIOR TO SERVICING UNIT
WIRING DIAGRAM
PROTECTOR HOOD
115V/60 HZ. 230V 50/60 HZ.
P/N 9945900 REV. C


SCHEMA DE CABLAGE
PROTECTEUR HOOD
115V/60 HZ. 230V 50/60 HZ.
P/N 9945900 REV. C
AVERTISSEMENT
Couper l'alimentation
Avant L'entretien
LUMINAIRE FLUORESCENT
10,12,16 FT.
LUMINAIRE FLUORESCENT
4,5,6,8 FT.
VENTILATEUR EXTERNE OU CONTACTEUR
VENTILATEUR INTERRUPTER
NOIR(VENTILATEUR)
NOIR(MONITEUR)
NOIR
NOIR
VENTILATEUR
MONITEUR
CONTACTEUR DE FEU
NOIR
BLANC
Lumière de service
ALIMENTATION
OPTION
AIR MONITEUR
Sélectionné par l'utilisateur
RECEPTACLE/20A
P/N 9947XX
OPTION
SORTIE
UNIQUE BOITE DE JONCTION POINT
FEUX/AIR MONITEUR
Service Fourni Entrée
VENTILATUER EXTERNE OU CONTACTEUR
Entrée électrique - L2
Entrée électrique - Sol
Entrée électrique - L1
Entrée électrique - L1
Entrée électrique - L2
Entrée électrique - Sol
Service Fourni Entrée
Pour Circuit Déclairage
Air Monitteur Option
Intelli Sash Option
Symboles Schématiques
Serre-fils Vis de Terre
115V- NOIR
230V- MARRON
115V- BLANC
230V- BLEU
NOIR
NOIR/MARRON
BLANC/BLEU
NOIR(MONITEUR)
NON-Commutée
Commutée
SORTIE
Nest Pas Installé
à L'usine
AIR MONITEUR
Utilisateur Sélectionné
SORTIE
HARNAIS:
115V 9946300
230V 9946301
NOIR(VENTILATEUR)
VENTILATEUR
MONITEUR
VERT
NOIR
BLANC
Lumière
Lumière
Lumière
Lumière de service
NOIR
BLANC
Entrée électrique - L1
Entrée électrique - L2
Entrée électrique - Sol
Service Fourni Entrée

APPENDIX D
SERIAL NUMBER TAG DESCRIPTION

Serial tag includes standard information with the following changes:

The portion of the tag for electrical information is labeled with the following units: Volts AC, Phase, Cycle, AMP.

Each hood will include one of the following:

Volts AC	Phase	Cycle	AMP ⚠
115	1	50/60	10X
115	1	50	10X
115	1	60	10X
230	1	50/60	5X
230	1	50	5X
230	1	60	5X

Where ⚠ may be a separate label indicating: Caution, See Manual.

The X above will be one of several possible alpha characters as defined in the manual as follows:

X: No additional duplexes on hood, noted amperage applies.

B: This fume hood includes **one** additional electrical receptacle, individually wired to the field wired box and individually rated as 115V, single phase, 60Hz, 20 Amps. Each duplex can be wired on a dedicated circuit rated at 20A or the duplexes may be ganged together on the same circuit with the total load of the ganged duplexes not exceeding the 20A electrical service they are wired to.

C: This fume hood includes **two** additional electrical receptacles, individually wired to the field wired box and individually rated as 115V, single phase, 60Hz, 20 Amps. Each duplex can be wired on a dedicated circuit rated at 20A or the duplexes may be ganged together on the same circuit with the total load of the ganged duplexes not exceeding the 20A electrical service they are wired to.

D: This fume hood includes **three** additional electrical receptacles, individually wired to the field wired box and individually rated as 115V, single phase, 60Hz, 20 Amps. Each duplex can be wired on a dedicated circuit rated at 20A or the duplexes may be ganged together on the same circuit with the total load of the ganged duplexes not exceeding the 20A electrical service they are wired to.

E: This fume hood includes **four** additional electrical receptacles, individually wired to the field wired box and individually rated as 115V, single phase, 60Hz, 20 Amps. Each duplex can be wired on a dedicated circuit rated at 20A or the duplexes may be ganged together on the same circuit with the total load of the ganged duplexes not exceeding the 20A electrical service they are wired to.

F: This fume hood includes **one** additional electrical receptacle, individually wired to the field wired box and individually rated as 230V, single phase, **60Hz**, 10 Amps. Each duplex can be wired on a dedicated circuit rated at 10A or the duplexes may be ganged together on the same circuit with the total load of the ganged duplexes not exceeding the 10A electrical service they are wired to.

G: This fume hood includes **two** additional electrical receptacles, individually wired to the field wired box and individually rated as 230V, single phase, **60Hz**, 10 Amps. Each duplex can be wired on a dedicated circuit rated at 10A or the duplexes may be ganged together on the same circuit with the total load of the ganged duplexes not exceeding the 10A electrical service they are wired to.

H: This fume hood includes **three** additional electrical receptacles, individually wired to the field wired box and individually rated as 230V, single phase, **60Hz**, 10 Amps. Each duplex can be wired on a dedicated circuit rated at 10A or the duplexes may be ganged together on the same circuit with the total load of the ganged duplexes not exceeding the 10A electrical service they are wired to.

J: This fume hood includes **four** additional electrical receptacles, individually wired to the field wired box and individually rated as 230V, single phase, **60Hz**, 10 Amps. Each duplex can be wired on a dedicated circuit rated at 10A or the duplexes may be ganged together on the same circuit with the total load of the ganged duplexes not exceeding the 10A electrical service they are wired to.

K: This fume hood includes **one** additional electrical receptacle, individually wired to the field wired box and individually rated as 230V, single phase, **50Hz**, 10 Amps. Each duplex can be wired on a dedicated circuit rated at 10A or the duplexes may be ganged together on the same circuit with the total load of the ganged duplexes not exceeding the 10A electrical service they are wired to.

L: This fume hood includes **two** additional electrical receptacles, individually wired to the field wired box and individually rated as 230V, single phase, **50Hz**, 10 Amps. Each duplex can be wired on a dedicated circuit rated at 10A or the duplexes may be ganged together on the same circuit with the total load of the ganged duplexes not exceeding the 10A electrical service they are wired to.

M: This fume hood includes **three** additional electrical receptacles, individually wired to the field wired box and individually rated as 230V, single phase, **50Hz**, 10 Amps. Each duplex can be wired on a dedicated circuit rated at 10A or the duplexes may be ganged together on the same circuit with the total load of the ganged duplexes not exceeding the 10A electrical service they are wired to.

N: This fume hood includes **four** additional electrical receptacles, individually wired to the field wired box and individually rated as 230V, single phase, **50Hz**, 10 Amps. Each duplex can be wired on a dedicated circuit rated at 10A or the duplexes may be ganged together on the same circuit with the total load of the ganged duplexes not exceeding the 10A electrical service they are wired to.

ANNEXE D
DESCRIPTION DE SÉRIE TAG NUMBER

Étiquette de série comprend des informations standard avec les modifications suivantes:

La partie de l'étiquette d'information électrique est étiqueté avec les unités suivantes: Volts AC, phase, cycle, AMP.

Chaque hotte comprendra une des opérations suivantes:

Volts AC	Phase	Cycle	AMP ⚠
115	1	50/60	10X
115	1	50	10X
115	1	60	10X
230	1	50/60	5X
230	1	50	5X
230	1	60	5X

Où ⚠ peut-être une étiquette distincte indiquant: Attention, consultez le manuel.

Le X ci-dessus sera l'un des plusieurs caractères alphabétiques possibles telles que définies dans le manuel comme suit:

X: Pas de duplex supplémentaires sur le capot, noté ampérage s'applique.

B: Cette hotte comprend un réceptacle électrique supplémentaire, individuellement raccordés aux boîtiers câblées individuellement et classé comme 115V, monophasé, 60 Hz, 20 ampères. Chaque duplex peut être branché sur un circuit dédié évalué à 20A ou les duplex peuvent être groupés ensemble sur le même circuit que la charge totale des duplex couplées ne dépassant pas le service électrique 20A ils sont câblés.

C: Cette hotte comprend deux autres prises électriques, individuellement câblés à la boîte câblées individuellement et classé comme 115V, monophasé, 60 Hz, 20 A. Chaque duplex peut être branché sur un circuit dédié évalué à 20A ou les duplex peuvent être groupés ensemble sur le même circuit que la charge totale des duplex couplées ne dépassant pas le service électrique 20A ils sont câblés.

D: Cette hotte comporte trois prises électriques supplémentaires, individuellement câblés à la boîte câblées individuellement et classé comme 115V, monophasé, 60 Hz, 20 A. Chaque duplex peut être branché sur un circuit dédié évalué à 20A ou les duplex peuvent être groupés ensemble sur le même circuit que la charge totale des duplex couplées ne dépassant pas le service électrique 20A ils sont câblés.

E: Cette hotte comprend quatre autres prises électriques, individuellement câblés à la boîte câblées individuellement et classé comme 115V, monophasé, 60 Hz, 20 A. Chaque duplex peut être branché sur un circuit dédié évalué à 20A ou les duplex peuvent être groupés ensemble sur le même circuit que la charge totale des duplex couplées ne dépassant pas le service électrique 20A ils sont câblés.

F: Cette hotte comprend un réceptacle électrique supplémentaire, individuellement raccordés aux boîtiers câblées individuellement et classé comme 230V, monophasé, 60 Hz, 10 ampères. Chaque duplex peut être branché sur un circuit dédié classé au 10A ou les duplex peuvent être groupés ensemble sur le même circuit que la charge totale des duplex couplées ne dépassant pas le service électrique 10A ils sont câblés.

G: Cette hotte comprend deux autres prises électriques, individuellement câblés à la boîte câblées individuellement et classé comme 230V, monophasé, 60 Hz, 10 ampères. Chaque duplex peut être branché sur un circuit dédié classé au 10A ou les duplex peuvent être groupés ensemble sur le même circuit que la charge totale des duplex couplées ne dépassant pas le service électrique 10A ils sont câblés.

H: Cette hotte comporte trois prises électriques supplémentaires, individuellement câblés à la boîte câblées individuellement et classé comme 230V, monophasé, 60 Hz, 10 ampères. Chaque duplex peut être branché sur un circuit dédié classé au 10A ou les duplex peuvent être groupés ensemble sur le même circuit que la charge totale des duplex couplées ne dépassant pas le service électrique 10A ils sont câblés.

J: Cette hotte comprend quatre autres prises électriques, individuellement câblés à la boîte câblées individuellement et classé comme 230V, monophasé, 60 Hz, 10 ampères. Chaque duplex peut être branché sur un circuit dédié classé au 10A ou les duplex peuvent être groupés ensemble sur le même circuit que la charge totale des duplex couplées ne dépassant pas le service électrique 10A ils sont câblés.

K: Cette hotte comprend un réceptacle électrique supplémentaire, individuellement raccordés aux boîtiers câblées individuellement et classé comme 230V, monophasé, 50 Hz, 10 ampères. Chaque duplex peut être branché sur un circuit dédié classé au 10A ou les duplex peuvent être groupés ensemble sur le même circuit que la charge totale des duplex couplées ne dépassant pas le service électrique 10A ils sont câblés.

L: Cette hotte comprend deux autres prises électriques, individuellement câblés à la boîte câblées individuellement et classé comme 230V, monophasé, 50Hz, 10 ampères. Chaque duplex peut être branché sur un circuit dédié classé au 10A ou les duplex peuvent être groupés ensemble sur le même circuit que la charge totale des duplex couplées ne dépassant pas le service électrique 10A ils sont câblés.

M: Cette hotte comporte trois prises électriques supplémentaires, individuellement câblés à la boîte câblées individuellement et classé

comme 230V, monophasé, 50Hz, 10 ampères. Chaque duplex peut être branché sur un circuit dédié classé au 10A ou les duplex peuvent être groupés ensemble sur le même circuit que la charge totale des duplex couplées ne dépassant pas le service électrique 10A ils sont câblés.

N: Cette hotte comprend quatre autres prises électriques, individuellement câblés à la boîte câblées individuellement et classé comme 230V, monophasé, 50Hz, 10 ampères. Chaque duplex peut être branché sur un circuit dédié classé au 10A ou les duplex peuvent être groupés ensemble sur le même circuit que la charge totale des duplex couplées ne dépassant pas le service électrique 10A ils sont câblés.

APPENDIX E
REFERENCES

Many excellent reference texts and booklets are currently available. The following is a brief listing:

Laboratory Ventilation Standards

Federal Register 29 CFR Part 1910
Non-mandatory recommendations from "Prudent Practices".

- Fume hoods should have a continuous monitoring device
- Face velocities should be between 60-100 linear feet per minute (lfpm)
- Average 2.5 linear feet of hood space per person

Occupational Health and Safety
U.S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue N.W.
Washington, DC 20210
(202) 523-1452

Industrial Ventilation-ACGIH

- Fume hood face velocities between 60-100 lfpm
- Maximum of 125 lfpm for radioisotope hoods
- Duct velocities of 1000-2000 fpm for vapors, gasses and smoke
- Stack discharge height 1.3-2.0 x building height
- Well designed fume hood containment loss, <0.10 ppm

Industrial Ventilation, A Manual of Recommended Practice.
24th Edition, 2001
American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
1330 Kemper Meadow drive
Cincinnati, OH 45240-1634
(513) 742-2020

ASHRAE 110-1995 Method of Testing Performance of Fume Hoods
Evaluates fume hood's containment characteristics

- Three part test: Smoke generation, Face velocity profile, Tracer gas release @ 4 liters per minute
- Rated As Manufactured (AM), As Installed (AI) and As Used (AU)

American Society of Heating, Refrigerating, and Air Conditioning Engineers
1791 Tullie Circle N.E.
Atlanta, GA 30329
(404) 636-8400

ANSI Z9.5-2011 Laboratory Standard
Covers entire laboratory ventilation system.

- New and remodeled hoods shall have a monitoring device
- Ductless hoods should only be used with non-hazardous materials

American Industrial Hygiene Association
2700 Prosperity Avenue, Suite 250
Fairfax, VA 22031
(703) 849-8888

SEFA 1-2002

- Fume hood face velocities based on toxicity levels of chemicals
  Class A – 125 to 150 fpm
  Class B – 80 to100 fpm
  Class C – 75-to 80 fpm
- Test method – face velocity profile and smoke generation

Scientific Equipment & Furniture Association
1028 Duchess Drive
McLean, VA 22102
(703) 538-6007

NFPA 45 – 2002 Fire Protection for Laboratories Using Chemicals

- Laboratory hoods should not be relied on for explosion protection
- Exhaust air from fume hoods should not be recirculated
- Services should be external to the hood
- Canopy hoods only for non-hazardous applications
- Materials of construction should have flame spread of 25 or less
- 80 to 120 fpm to prevent escape

NFPA 30 – 2000 Flammable and Combustible Liquids Code

- Approved cabinets may be metal or wood
- Vent location on cabinets are required
- Venting of cabinets not a requirement

National Fire Protection Association
1 Batterymarch Park
P.O. Box 9101
Quincy, MA 02269-9101
(800) 344-3555

General References

American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. *Industrial Ventilation, A Manual of Recommended Practice,* Cincinnati, OH

ASHRAE Standard Committee. *ASHRAE Standard* Atlanta: ASHRAE Publications Sales Department, 1995

British Standards Institution, *Laboratory Fume Cupboards*. Parts 1, 2 and 3, London: 1990

Department of Labor, Occupational Safety and Health Administration, *29 CFR Part 1910, Occupational Exposures to Hazardous Chemicals in Laboratories, Final Rule*. Vol. 55, No. 21. Washington D.C.:1990

DiBerardinis. L. et al. *Guides for Laboratory Design, Health and Safety Considerations*. Wiley & Sons, 1987

McDermott, Henry, *Handbook of Ventilation for Contaminant Control, 2nd Edition*. Butterworth Publishers, 1985.

Miller, Brinton M. et al. *Laboratory Safety: Principles and Practices.* American Society for Microbiology, Washington, D.C.: 1986

NIH Guidelines for the Laboratory Use of Chemical Carcinogens. NIH Publication No. 81-2385.

Rayburn, Stephen R. *The Foundation of Laboratory Safety, A Guide for the Biomedical Laboratory*. Springer-Verlag, New York: 1990

Sax, N. Irving and Lewis, JR., Richard J. *Rapid Guide to Hazardous Chemicals in the Workplace*. Van Nostrand Reinhold, 1987.

Schilt, Alfred A. *Perchloric Acid and Perchlorates*. The G. Frederick Smith Chemical Company, Columbus, OH: 1979.

Steere, Norman. *CRC Handbook of Laboratory Safety, 2nd Edition*. CRC Press, 1971.

Protecting your laboratory environment
LABCONCO
LABCONCO CORPORATION
8811 Prospect Avenue
Kansas City, MO 64132-2696
(816) 333-8811 • (800) 821-5525
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CE Declaration of Conformity

We: Labconco Corporation
8811 Prospect Avenue
Kansas City, MO 64132 USA
Ph. 816-333-8811 Fax. 816-363-0130
labconco@labconco.com

being the representative party in the EU solely responsible for this certification, hereby declare that the following product:

Equipment: Laboratory Equipment – Protector® PVC® Laboratory Fume Hoods

Type, Model:

14041 Series	4' Protector PVC Perchloric Acid Hood
14051 Series	5' Protector PVC Perchloric Acid Hood
14061 Series	6' Protector PVC Perchloric Acid Hood
14081 Series	8' Protector PVC Perchloric Acid Hood
14141 Series	4' Protector PVC Acid Digestion Hood
14151 Series	5' Protector PVC Acid Digestion Hood
14161 Series	6' Protector PVC Acid Digestion Hood
14181 Series	8' Protector PVC Acid Digestion Hood

Manufacturer: Labconco Corporation
8811 Prospect Avenue
Kansas City, MO 64132 USA
Ph. 816-333-8811 Fax. 816-363-0130
labconco@labconco.com

is in conformity with the standards listed below:

EN61010-1
EN61326-1
EN55022
EN61000-3-2
EN61000-3-3

following the provisions of the following directives:

2006/42/EC
2004/108/EC
2006/95/EC

when installed and operated in accordance with the manufacturers installation and operating instructions.

Kansas City USA 03 October 2013
Place and date of issue

Mark Schmitz
Vice President, Research and Engineering
Labconco Corporation

Labconco P/N 3696093, Rev. -, ECO #H655